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In re Application of:

LE PAGE, RICHARD, et al

Serial Number: 09/769,736

Filed: January 26, 2001

For: NUCLEIC ACIDS AND PROTEINS FROM
GROUP B STREPTOCOCCUS

Group Art Unit: 1637

Examiner: K. CARLSON

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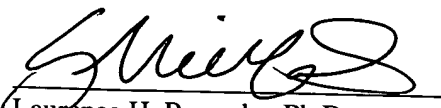
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By:


Laurence H. Posorske, Ph.D.
Registration No. 34,698

Christopher J. Nichols, Ph.D.
Registration No. 55,984

Hunton & Williams LLP
Intellectual Property Department
1900 K Street, N.W., Suite 1200
Washington, DC 20006-1109
(202) 955-1500 (telephone)
(202) 778-2201 (facsimile)
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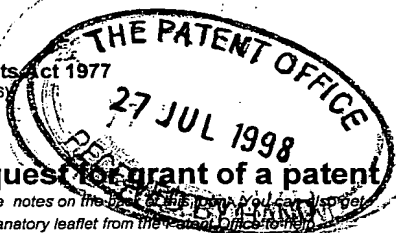
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Proteins

The present invention relates to proteins derived from *Streptococcus agalactiae*, nucleic acid molecules encoding such proteins, and the use of the proteins as antigens and/or immunogens and in detection/diagnosis. It also relates to a method for the rapid screening of bacterial genomes to isolate and characterise bacterial cell envelope associated or secreted proteins.

The *Group B Streptococcus* (GBS) (*Streptococcus agalactiae*) is an encapsulated bacterium which emerged in the 1970s as a major pathogen of humans causing sepsis and meningitis in neonates as well as adults. The incidence of early onset neonatal infection during the first 5 days of life varies from 0.7 to 3.7 per 1000 live births and causes mortality in about 20% of cases. Between 25-50% of neonates surviving early onset infections frequently suffer neurological sequelae. Late onset neonatal infections occur from 6 days to three months of age at a rate of about 0.5 - 1.0 per 1000 live births.

There is an established association between the colonisation of the maternal genetic tract by GBS at the time of birth and the risk of neonatal sepsis. In humans it has been established that the rectum may act as a reservoir for GBS. Susceptibility in the neonate is correlated with the a low concentration or absence of IgG antibodies to the capsular polysaccharides found on GBS causing human disease. In the USA strains isolated from clinical cases usually belong to capsular serotypes Ia, Ib, II, III although serotype V may be of increasing significance. Type VIII GBS is the major cause of neonatal sepsis in Japan.

A possible means of prevention involves intra or postpartum administration of antibiotics to the mother but there are concerns that this might lead to the emergence of resistant organisms and in some cases allergic reactions. Vaccination of the adolescent females to induce long lasting maternally derived immunity is one of the most promising approaches to prevent GBS infections in neonates. The capsular

polysaccharide antigens of these organisms have attracted most attention as with regard to vaccine development. Studies in healthy adult volunteers have shown that serotype 1a, II and III polysaccharides are non-toxic and immunogenic in approximately 65%, 95% and 70% of non-immune adults respectively. One of the problems with using capsule antigens as vaccines is that the response rates vary according to pre-immunisation status and the polysaccharide antigen and not all vaccinees produce adequate levels of IgG antibody as indicated in vaccination studies with GBS polysaccharides in human volunteers.

- Some people do not respond despite repeated stimuli. These properties are due to the T-independent nature of polysaccharide antigens. One strategy to enhance the immunogenicity of these vaccines is to enhance the T cell dependent properties of polysaccharides by conjugating them to a protein. The use of polysaccharide conjugates looks promising but there are still unresolved questions concerning the nature of the carrier protein. A conjugate vaccine against GBS would require at least 4 different conjugates to be prepared adding to the cost of a vaccine.

- Recent evidence also suggests that bacterial surface proteins may be useful to confer immunity. A protein called Rib which is found on most serotype III strains but rarely on serotypes Ia, Ib or II confers immunity to challenge with Rib expressing GBS in animal models (Stalhammar-Carlemalm *et al.*, *Journal of Experimental Medicine* 177:1593-1603 (1993)). Another surface protein of interest as a component of a vaccine is the alpha antigen of the C proteins which protected vaccinated mice against lethal infection with strains expressing alpha protein. The amount of antigen expressed by GBS strains varies markedly.

- Approaches to vaccination against GBS infections which rely on the use of capsular polysaccharides have the disadvantage that response rates are likely to vary considerably according to pre-immunisation status and the particular type of polysaccharide antigen used. Results of trials in human volunteers have indicated that

response rates may only be around 65% for some of the key capsule antigens (Larsson *et al.*, *Infection and Immunity* 64:3518-3523 (1996)). It is also not clear whether all individuals responding to the vaccine would have adequate levels of polysaccharide specific IgG which can cross the placenta and afford immunity to neonates. By
 5 conjugating a protein carrier to the polysaccharide antigen it may be possible to convert them to T-cell dependent antigens and enhance their immunogenicity.

Preliminary studies with GBS type III polysaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate have been encouraging (Baker *et al.*, *Reviews of Infectious Diseases* 7:458-467 (1985),
 10 Baker *et al.*, *The New England Journal of Medicine* 319:1180-1185 (1988), Paoletti *et al.*, *Infection and Immunity* 64:677-679 (1996), Paoletti *et al.*, *Infection and Immunity* 62:3236-3243 (1994)) but in developed countries the use of tetanus may be disadvantageous since most adults will have been immunised against tetanus within the past five years. Additional boosters with tetanus toxoid may cause adverse
 15 reactions (Boyer., *Current Opinions in Pediatrics* 7:13-18 (1995)). The polysaccharide conjugate vaccines have the disadvantage of being costly to produce and manufacture in comparison with many other kinds of vaccines. There is also the possible risk of problems caused by the cross reactivity between GBS polysaccharides and sialic acid-containing human glycoproteins.

20 An alternative to polysaccharides as antigens is the use of protein antigens derived from GBS. Recent evidence suggest that the GBS surface associated proteins Rib and alpha C protein may be used to confer immunity to GBS infections in experimental model systems (Stalhammar-Carlemalm *et al.*, (1993) [*supra*], Larsson *et al.*, (1996)
 25 [*supra*]). However these two proteins are not conserved in all serotypes of GBS which cause disease in humans. Assuming that these antigens would be immunogenic and elicit protective level responses in humans they would not confer protection against all infections as 10% of infectious *Group B streptococci* do not express Rib or C protein alpha.

This invention seeks to overcome the problem of vaccination against GBS by using a novel screening method specifically designed to identify those *Group B Streptococcus* genes encoding bacterial cell surface associated or secreted proteins (antigens). The proteins expressed by these genes may be immunogenic, and therefore may be useful
5 in the prevention and treatment of *Group B Streptococcus* infection. For the purposes of this application, the term immunogenic means that these proteins will elicit a protective immune response within a subject. Using this novel screening method a number of genes encoding novel *Group B Streptococcus* proteins have been identified.

10 Thus in a first aspect, the present invention provides a *Group B Streptococcus* protein, having a sequence selected from those shown in figure 1, or fragments or derivatives thereof.

In a further aspect, the present invention provides a *Group B Streptococcus*
15 polypeptide or peptide having a sequence selected from those shown in figure 2, or fragments or derivatives thereof.

It will be apparent to the skilled person that proteins and polypeptides included within this group may be cell surface receptors, adhesion molecules, transport proteins,
20 membrane structural proteins, and/or signalling molecules.

Alterations in the amino acid sequence of a protein can occur which do not affect the function of a protein. These include amino acid deletions, insertions and substitutions and can result from alternative splicing and/or the presence of multiple translation start
25 sites and stop sites. Polymorphisms may arise as a result of the infidelity of the translation process. Thus changes in amino acid sequence may be tolerated which do not affect the proteins function.

Thus, the present invention includes derivatives or variants of the proteins,
30 polypeptides, and peptides of the present invention which show at least 50% identity

to the proteins, polypeptides and peptides described herein. Preferably the degree of sequence identity is at least 60% and preferably it is above 75%. More preferably still is it above 80%, 90% or even 95%.

5 The term identity can be used to describe the similarity between two polypeptide sequences. A software package well known in the art for carrying out this procedure is the CLUSTAL program. It compares the amino acid sequences of two polypeptides and finds the optimal alignment by inserting spaces in either sequence as appropriate. The amino acid identity or similarity (identity plus conservation of amino acid type)
10 for an optimal alignment can also be calculated using a software package such as BLASTx. This program aligns the largest stretch of similar sequence and assigns a value to the fit. For any one pattern comparison several regions of similarity may be found, each having a different score. One skilled in the art will appreciate that two polypeptides of different lengths may be compared over the entire length of the longer
15 fragment. Alternatively small regions may be compared. Normally sequences of the same length are compared for a useful comparison to be made.

Manipulation of the DNA encoding the protein is a particularly powerful technique for both modifying proteins and for generating large quantities of protein for purification
20 purposes. This may involve the use of PCR techniques to amplify a desired nucleic acid sequence. Thus the sequence data provided herein can be used to design primers for use in PCR so that a desired sequence can be targeted and then amplified to a high degree.

Typically primers will be at least five nucleotides long and will generally be at least ten
25 nucleotides long (e.g. fifteen to twenty-five nucleotides long). In some cases primers of at least thirty or at least thirty-five nucleotides in length may be used.

As a further alternative chemical synthesis may be used. This may be automated. Relatively short sequences may be chemically synthesised and ligated together to provide
30 a longer sequence.

Thus in a further aspect, the present invention provides , a nucleic acid molecule comprising or consisting of a sequence which is:

- 5 (i) any of the DNA sequences set out in figure 1 or figure 2 herein or their RNA equivalents;
- (ii) a sequence which is complementary to any of the sequences of (i);
- (iii) a sequence which codes for the same protein or polypeptide, as those sequences of (i) or (ii);
- 10 (iv) a sequence which shows substantial identity with any of those of (i), (ii) and (iii); or
- (v) a sequence which codes for a derivative or fragment of a nucleic acid molecule shown in figure 1 or figure 2.

15 The term identity can also be used to describe the similarity between two individual DNA sequences. The 'bestfit' program (Smith and Waterman, *Advances in applied Mathematics*, 482-489 (1981)) is one example of a type of computer software used to find the best segment of similarity between two nucleic acid sequences, whilst the GAP program enables sequences to be aligned along their whole length and finds the optimal alignment by inserting spaces in either sequence as appropriate.

20 The term 'RNA equivalent' when used above indicates that a given RNA molecule has a sequence which is complementary to that of a given DNA molecule, allowing for the fact that in RNA 'U' replaces 'T' in the genetic code. The nucleic acid molecule may be in isolated or recombinant form.

25 The nucleic acid molecule may be in an isolated or recombinant form. DNA constructs can readily be generated using methods well known in the art. These techniques are disclosed, for example in J. Sambrook *et al*, *Molecular Cloning 2nd Edition*, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press (1989). Modifications of DNA constructs and the proteins expressed such as the addition of promoters, enhancers, signal sequences,

leader sequences, translation start and stop signals and DNA stability controlling regions, or the addition of fusion partners may then be facilitated.

5 Normally the DNA construct will be inserted into a vector which may be of phage or plasmid origin. Expression of the protein is achieved by the transformation or transfection of the vector into a host cell which may be of eukaryotic or prokaryotic origin. Such vectors and suitable host cells form yet further aspects of the present invention.

10 The *Group B Streptococcus* proteins (antigens) described herein can additionally be used to raise antibodies, or to generate affibodies. These can be used to detect *Group B Streptococcus*.

15 Thus in a further aspect the present invention provides, an antibody, affibody, or a derivative thereof which binds to any one or more of the proteins, polypeptides, peptides, fragments or derivatives thereof, as described herein.

Antibodies within the scope of the present invention may be monoclonal or polyclonal. Polyclonal antibodies can be raised by stimulating their production in a suitable animal
20 host (e.g. a mouse, rat, guinea pig, rabbit, sheep, goat or monkey) when a protein as described herein, or a homologue, derivative or fragment thereof, is injected into the animal. If desired, an adjuvant may be administered together with the protein. Well-known adjuvants include Freund's adjuvant (complete and incomplete) and aluminium hydroxide. The antibodies can then be purified by virtue of their binding to a protein as
25 described herein.

Monoclonal antibodies can be produced from hybridomas. These can be formed by fusing myeloma cells and spleen cells which produce the desired antibody in order to form an immortal cell line. Thus the well-known Kohler & Milstein technique (*Nature*
30 256 (1975)) or subsequent variations upon this technique can be used.

Techniques for producing monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies that bind to a particular polypeptide/protein are now well developed in the art. They are discussed in standard immunology textbooks, for example in Roitt *et al*, *Immunology* second edition (1989),
5 Churchill Livingstone, London.

In addition to whole antibodies, the present invention includes derivatives thereof which are capable of binding to proteins etc as described herein. Thus the present invention includes antibody fragments and synthetic constructs. Examples of antibody fragments
10 and synthetic constructs are given by Dougall *et al* in *Tibtech* 12 372-379 (September 1994).

Antibody fragments include, for example, Fab, F(ab')₂ and Fv fragments. Fab fragments (These are discussed in Roitt *et al* [*supra*]). Fv fragments can be modified to produce a
15 synthetic construct known as a single chain Fv (scFv) molecule. This includes a peptide linker covalently joining V_h and V_l regions, which contributes to the stability of the molecule. Other synthetic constructs that can be used include CDR peptides. These are synthetic peptides comprising antigen-binding determinants. Peptide mimetics may also be used. These molecules are usually conformationally restricted organic rings that
20 mimic the structure of a CDR loop and that include antigen-interactive side chains.

Synthetic constructs include chimaeric molecules. Thus, for example, humanised (or primatised) antibodies or derivatives thereof are within the scope of the present invention. An example of a humanised antibody is an antibody having human framework regions,
25 but rodent hypervariable regions. Ways of producing chimaeric antibodies are discussed for example by Morrison *et al* in *PNAS*, 81, 6851-6855 (1984) and by Takeda *et al* in *Nature*, 314, 452-454 (1985).

Synthetic constructs also include molecules comprising an additional moiety that
30 provides the molecule with some desirable property in addition to antigen binding. For

example the moiety may be a label (e.g. a fluorescent or radioactive label). Alternatively, it may be a pharmaceutically active agent.

Affibodies are proteins which are found to bind to target proteins with a low dissociation constant. They are selected from phage display libraries expressing a segment of the target protein of interest (Nord K, Gunneriusson E, Ringdahl J, Stahl S, Uhlen M, Nygren PA, Department of Biochemistry and Biotechnology, Royal Institute of Technology (KTH), Stockholm, Sweden).

In a further aspect the invention provides an immunogenic composition comprising one or more proteins, polypeptides, peptides, fragments or derivatives thereof, or nucleotide sequences described herein. A composition of this sort may be useful in the treatment or prevention of *Group B Streptococcus* infection in subject. In a preferred aspect of the invention the immunogenic composition is a vaccine.

In other aspects the invention provides:

- i) Use of an immunogenic composition as described herein in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of *Group B Streptococcus* infection. Preferably the medicament is a vaccine.
- ii) A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one antibody, affibody, or a derivative thereof, as described herein.
- iii) A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one protein, polypeptide, peptide, fragments or derivatives as described herein.

- iv) A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one nucleic acid molecule as described herein.
- 5 v) A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one antibody, affibody, or derivatives thereof, described herein.
- vi) A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one *Group B Streptococcus* protein, polypeptide, peptide, fragment or derivative thereof, as described herein.
- 10 vii) A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one nucleic acid of the invention.
- 15 As described previously, the novel proteins described herein are identified and isolated using a novel screening method which specifically identifies those *Group B Streptococcus* genes encoding bacterial cell envelope associated or secreted proteins.
- 20 The information necessary for the secretion/export of proteins has been extensively studied in bacteria. In the majority of cases, export requires a signal peptide positioned at the N-terminus of the precursor protein to target the precursor to translocation sites on the membrane. During or after translocation, the signal peptide is removed by a signal peptidase. The ultimate destination/localisation of the protein, (whether it be secreted extracellularly or anchored to the bacterium's surface, etc) is determined by
- 25 sequences other than the leader peptide sequence.

Recently, Poquet *et al.* (*J. Bacteriol.* **180**:1904-1912 (1998)) have described a screening vector incorporating the *nuc* gene lacking its own signal leader as a reporter to identify exported proteins in Gram positive bacteria, and have applied it to *L. lactis*.

Staphylococcal nuclease is a naturally secreted heat-stable, monomeric enzyme which has been efficiently expressed and secreted in a range of Gram positive bacteria (Shortle., *Gene* 22:181-189 (1983), Kovacevic *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* 162:521-528 (1985), Miller *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* 169:3508-3514 (1987), Liebl *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* 174:1854-1861(1992), Le Loir *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* 176:5135-5139 (1994), Poquet *et al.*, 1998 [*supra*]). The screening vector (pFUN) contains the pAM β 1 replicon which functions in a broad host range of Gram-positive bacteria in addition to the ColE1 replicon that promotes replication in *Escherichia coli* and certain other Gram negative bacteria. Unique cloning sites present in the vector can be used to generate transcriptional and translational fusions between cloned genomic DNA fragments and the open reading frame of the truncated *nuc* gene devoid of its own signal secretion leader. The *nuc* gene makes an ideal reporter gene because the secretion of nuclease can readily be detected using a simple and sensitive plate test: Recombinant colonies secreting the nuclease develop a pink halo whereas control colonies remain white (Shortle, 1983 [*supra*], Le Loir *et al.*, 1994 [*supra*]).

A direct screen to identify and isolate DNA encoding bacterial cell envelope associated or secreted proteins (antigens).in pathogenic bacteria has been developed by the present inventors which utilises a vector-system (pTREP1 expression vector) in *Lactococcus lactis* that specifically detects DNA sequences which are adjacent to, and associated with DNA encoding surface proteins from *Group B Streptococcus*. The screening vector also incorporates the *nuc* gene encoding the *Staphylococcal* nuclease as a reporter gene.

Only the part of the *nuc* gene encoding the mature nuclease protein (minus its signal peptide sequence) is cloned into the pTREP1 expression vector in *L. lactis*. In this form, the *nuc*-encoded nuclease cannot be secreted even when expressed intracellularly. The reporter vector is then randomly combined with appropriately digested genomic DNA from *Group B Streptococcus*, cloned into *L. lactis* and used as

a screening system for sequences permitting the export of nuclease. In this way gene/partial gene sequences encoding exported proteins from *Group B Streptococcus* are isolated. Once a partial gene sequence is obtained, full length sequences encoding exported proteins can readily be obtained using techniques well known in the art.

5

In possessing a promoter, the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors differ from the pFUN vector described by Poquet *et al.* (1998) [*supra*], which was used to identify *L. lactis* exported proteins by screening directly for *Nuc* activity directly in *L. lactis*. As the pFUN vector does not contain a promoter upstream of the *nuc* open reading frame the cloned genomic DNA fragment must also provide the signals for transcription in addition to those elements required for translation initiation and secretion of *Nuc*. This limitation may prevent the isolation of genes that are distant from a promoter for example genes which are within polycistronic operons. Additionally there can be no guarantee that promoters derived from other species of bacteria will be recognised and functional in *L. lactis*. Certain promoters may be under stringent regulation in the natural host but not in *L. lactis*. In contrast, the presence of the P1 promoter in the pTREP1-*nuc* series of vectors ensures that promoterless DNA fragments (or DNA fragments containing promoter sequences not active in *L. lactis*) may still be transcribed. Thus yet another advantage of this invention is that genes missed in other screening methods may be identified.

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Hence in a further aspect the present invention provides a method of screening for DNA encoding bacterial cell wall associated or surface antigens in gram positive bacteria comprising the steps of:

25

- combining a reporter vector including the nucleotide sequence encoding the mature form of the staphylococcus nuclease gene and an upstream promoter region with DNA from a gram positive bacteria.
- transforming the resultant vector into *Lactococcus lactis* cells.
- assaying for the secretion of *staphylococcus* nuclease protein in the transformed cells.

30

Preferably, the reporter vector is one of the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors shown in figure 4.

5 In another aspect, the present invention provides a vector as shown in figure 4 for use in screening for DNA encoding exported or surface antigens in gram positive bacteria. Examples of gram positive bacteria which may be screened include *Group B Streptococcus*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Staphylococcus aureus* or pathogenic *Group A Streptococci*.

10 Given that the inventors have identified a group of important proteins, such proteins are potential targets for anti-microbial therapy. It is necessary, however, to determine whether each individual protein is essential for the organism's viability. Thus, the present invention also provides a method of determining whether a protein or polypeptide as described herein represents a potential anti-microbial target which
15 comprises inactivating said protein and determining whether *Group B Streptococcus* is still viable.

A suitable method for inactivating the protein is to effect selected gene knockouts, ie prevent expression of the protein and determine whether this results in a lethal change.
20 Suitable methods for carrying out such gene knockouts are described in Li *et al*, *P.N.A.S.*, 94:13251-13256 (1997) and Kolkman *et al*

In a final aspect the present invention provides the use of an agent capable of antagonising, inhibiting or otherwise interfering with the function or expression of a
25 protein or polypeptide of the invention in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment or prophylaxis of *Group B Streptococcus* infection.

The invention will now be described by means of the following example which should not in any way be construed as limiting. The examples refer to the figures in which
30

Fig 1: (A) Shows a number of full length nucleotide sequences encoding antigenic *Group B Streptococcus* proteins. (B) Shows the corresponding amino acid sequences.

5 Fig 2: (A) Shows a number of partial nucleotide sequences encoding antigenic *Group B Streptococcus* polypeptides and peptides. (B) Shows the corresponding amino acid sequences.

10 Fig 3: Shows a number of oligonucleotide primers used in the screening process

nucS1 primer designed to amplify a mature form of the nuc A gene

nucS2- primer designed to amplify a mature form of the nuc A gene.

nucS3 primer designed to amplify a mature form of the nuc A gene

nucR primer designed to amplify a mature form of the nuc A gene

15 **nucseq** primer designed to sequence DNA cloned into the pTREP-Nuc vector

pTREPF nucleic acid sequence containing recognition site for ECORV. Used for cloning fragments into pTREX7.

pTREPR nucleic acid sequence containing recognition site for BAMH1. Used for cloning fragments into pTREX7.

20 **PUCF** forward sequencing primer, enables direct sequencing of cloned DNA fragments.

VR example of gene specific primer used to obtain further antigen DNA sequence by the method of DNA walking.

25 **V1** example of gene specific primer used to obtain further antigen DNA sequence by the method of DNA walking.

V2 example of gene specific primer used to obtain further antigen DNA sequence by the method of DNA walking.

Fig 4: (i) Schematic presentation of the nucleotide sequence of the unique gene cloning site immediately upstream of the mature *nuc* gene in pTREP1-*nuc*1, pTREP1-*nuc*2 and pTREP1-*nuc*3. Each of the pTREP-*nuc* vectors contain an EcoRV (a SmaI site in pTREP1-*nuc*2) cleavage site which allows cloning of genomic DNA fragments in 3 different frames with respect to the mature *nuc* gene.

(ii) A physical and genetic summary map of the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors. The expression cassette incorporating *nuc*, the macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramin B (MLS) resistance determinant, and the replicon (rep) *Ori-pAMβ1* are depicted (not drawn to scale).

(iii) Schematic presentation of the expression cassette showing the various sequence elements involved in gene expression and location of unique restriction endonuclease sites (not drawn to scale).

Example 1

Thus far more than 100 gene/partial gene sequences putatively encoding exported proteins in *S. agalactiae* have been identified using the nuclease screening system of the invention. These have been further analysed to remove artifacts. The nucleotide sequences of genes identified using the screening system has been characterised using a number of parameters described below. All of these sequences are novel in that they have not been described previously.

1. All putative surface proteins are analysed for leader/signal peptide sequences. Bacterial signal peptide sequences share a common design. They are characterised by a short positively charged N-terminus (N region) immediately preceding a stretch of hydrophobic residues (central portion-h region) followed by a more polar C-terminal portion which contains the cleavage site (c-region). Computer software is used to perform hydropathy profiling of putative proteins (Marcks, *Nuc. Acid. Res.*, 16:1829-1836 (1988)) which is used to identify the distinctive hydrophobic

portion (h-region) typical of leader peptide sequences. In addition, the presence/absence of a potential ribosomal binding site (Shine-Dalgarno sequence required for translation) is also noted.

2. All putative surface protein sequences are used to search the OWL sequence database which includes a translation of the GENBANK and SWISSPROT database.. This allows identification of similar sequences which may have been previously characterised not only at the sequence level but at a functional level. It may also provide information indicating that these proteins are indeed surface related and not artifacts.

3. Putative *S. agalactiae* surface proteins are also be assessed for their novelty. Some of the identified proteins may or may not possess a typical leader peptide sequence and may not show homology with any DNA/protein sequences in the database. Indeed these proteins may indicate the primary advantage of our screening method, i.e. isolating atypical surface related proteins, which would have been missed in all previously described screening protocols.

The construction of three reporter vectors and their use in *L. lactis* to identify and isolate genomic DNA fragments from pathogenic bacteria encoding secreted or surface associated proteins is now described.

Construction of the pTREP1-*nuc* series of reporter vectors

(a) Construction of expression plasmid pTREP1

The pTREP1 plasmid is a high-copy number (40-80 per cell) theta-replicating gram positive plasmid, which is a derivative of the pTREX plasmid which is itself a derivative of the the previously published pIL253 plasmid. pIL253 incorporates the broad Gram-positive host range replicon of pAM β 1 (Simon and Chopin, 1988) and is non-mobilisable by the *L. lactis* sex-factor. pIL253 also lacks the *tra* function which is

necessary for transfer or efficient mobilisation by conjugative parent plasmids exemplified by pIL501. The Enterococcal pAM β 1 replicon has previously been transferred to various species including *Streptococcus*, *Lactobacillus* and *Bacillus* species as well as *Clostridium acetobutylicum*, (LeBlanc *et al.*, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Science USA* 75:3484-3487 (1978)) indicating the potential broad host range utility. The pTREP1 plasmid represents a constitutive transcription vector.

The pTREX vector was constructed as follows. An artificial DNA fragment containing a putative RNA stabilising sequence, a translation initiation region (TIR), a multiple cloning site for insertion of the target genes and a transcription terminator was created by annealing 2 complementary oligonucleotides and extending with Tfl DNA polymerase. The sense and anti-sense oligonucleotides contained the recognition sites for NheI and BamHI at their 5' ends respectively to facilitate cloning. This fragment was cloned between the XbaI and BamHI sites in pUC19NT7, a derivative of pUC19 which contains the T7 expression cassette from pLET1 (Wells *et al.*, *J. Appl. Bacteriol.* 74:629-636 (1993)) cloned between the EcoRI and HindIII sites. The resulting construct was designated pUCLEX. The complete expression cassette of pUCLEX was then removed by cutting with HindIII and blunting followed by cutting with EcoRI before cloning into EcoRI and SacI (blunted) sites of pIL253 to generate the vector pTREX (Wells and Schofield, *In Current advances in metabolism, genetics and applications-NATO ASI Series. H* 98:37-62. (1996)). The putative RNA stabilising sequence and TIR are derived from the *Escherichia coli* T7 bacteriophage sequence and modified at one nucleotide position to enhance the complementarity of the Shine Dalgarno (SD) motif to the ribosomal 16s RNA of *Lactococcus lactis* (Schofield *et al.* pers. coms. University of Cambridge Dept. Pathology.).

A *Lactococcus lactis* MG1363 chromosomal DNA fragment exhibiting promoter activity which was subsequently designated P7 was cloned between the EcoRI and

BglII sites present in the expression cassette, creating pTREX7. This active promoter region had been previously isolated using the promoter probe vector pSB292 (Waterfield *et al.*, *Gene* 165:9-15 (1995)). The promoter fragment was amplified by PCR using the Vent DNA polymerase according to the manufacturer.

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The pTREP1 vector was then constructed as follows. An artificial DNA fragment which included a transcription terminator, the forward pUC sequencing primer, a promoter multiple cloning site region and a universal translation stop sequence was created by annealing two overlapping partially complementary synthetic oligonucleotides together and extending with sequenase according to manufacturers instructions. The sense and anti-sense (pTREPf and pTREP_r) oligonucleotides contained the recognition sites for EcoRV and BamHI at their 5' ends respectively to facilitate cloning into pTREX7. The transcription terminator was that of the *Bacillus penicillinase* gene, which has been shown to be effective in *Lactococcus* (Jos *et al.*, *Applied and Environmental Microbiology* 50:540-542 (1985)). This was considered necessary as expression of target genes in the pTREX vectors was observed to be leaky and is thought to be the result of cryptic promoter activity in the origin region (Schofield *et al.* pers. coms. University of Cambridge Dept. Pathology.). The forward pUC primer sequencing was included to enable direct sequencing of cloned DNA fragments. The translation stop sequence which encodes a stop codon in 3 different frames was included to prevent translational fusions between vector genes and cloned DNA fragments. The pTREX7 vector was first digested with EcoRI and blunted using the 5' - 3' polymerase activity of T4 DNA polymerase (NEB) according to manufacturer's instructions. The EcoRI digested and blunt ended pTREX7 vector was then digested with Bgl II thus removing the P7 promoter. The artificial DNA fragment derived from the annealed synthetic oligonucleotides was then digested with EcoRV and Bam HI and cloned into the EcoRI(blunted)-Bgl II digested pTREX7 vector to generate pTREP. A *Lactococcus lactis* MG1363 chromosomal promoter designated P1 was then cloned between the EcoRI and BglII sites present in the pTREP expression

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cassette forming pTREP1. This promoter was also isolated using the promoter probe vector pSB292 and characterised by Waterfield *et al.*, (1995) [*supra*]. The P1 promoter fragment was originally amplified by PCR using vent DNA polymerase according to manufacturers instructions and cloned into the pTREX as an EcoRI-BglII DNA fragment. The EcoRI-BglII P1 promoter containing fragment was removed from pTREP1 by restriction enzyme digestion and used for cloning into pTREP (Schofield *et al.* pers. coms. University of Cambridge, Dept. Pathology.).

(b) PCR amplification of the *S. aureus* nuc gene.

The nucleotide sequence of the *S. aureus* nuc gene (EMBL database accession number V01281) was used to design synthetic oligonucleotide primers for PCR amplification. The primers were designed to amplify the mature form of the nuc gene designated nucA which is generated by proteolytic cleavage of the N-terminal 19 to 21 amino acids of the secreted propeptide designated Snase B (Shortle, 1983 [*supra*]). Three sense primers (*nucS1*, *nucS2* and *nucS3*, shown in figure 3) were designed, each one having a blunt-ended restriction endonuclease cleavage site for EcoRV or SmaI in a different reading frame with respect to the nuc gene. Additionally BglII and BamHI were incorporated at the 5' ends of the sense and anti-sense primers respectively to facilitate cloning into BamHI and BglII cut pTREP1. The sequences of all the primers are given in figure 3. Three nuc gene DNA fragments encoding the mature form of the nuclease gene (*NucA*) were amplified by PCR using each of the sense primers combined with the anti-sense primer. The nuc gene fragments were amplified by PCR using *S. aureus* genomic DNA template, Vent DNA Polymerase (NEB) and the conditions recommended by the manufacturer. An initial denaturation step at 93°C for 2 min was followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 93°C for 45 sec, annealing at 50°C for 45 seconds, and extension 73°C for 1 minute and then a final 5 min extension step at 73°C. The PCR amplified products were purified using a Wizard clean up column (Promega) to remove unincorporated nucleotides and primers.

(c) Construction of the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors

The purified *nuc* gene fragments described in section b were digested with Bgl II and BamHI using standard conditions and ligated to BamHI and BglII cut and dephosphorylated pTREP1 to generate the pTREP1-*nuc*1, pTREP1-*nuc*2 and pTREP1-*nuc*3 series of reporter vectors. These vectors are described in figure 4. General molecular biology techniques were carried out using the reagents and buffers supplied by the manufacturer or using standard techniques (Sambrook and Maniatis, Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press: Cold Spring Harbour (1989)). In each of the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors the expression cassette comprises a transcription terminator, lactococcal promoter P1, unique cloning sites (BglII, EcoRV or SmaI) followed by the mature form of the *nuc* gene and a second transcription terminator. Note that the sequences required for translation and secretion of the *nuc* gene were deliberately excluded in this construction. Such elements can only be provided by appropriately digested foreign DNA fragments (representing the target bacterium) which can be cloned into the unique restriction sites present immediately upstream of the *nuc* gene.

(d) Screening for secreted proteins in Group B Streptococcus.

Genomic DNA isolated from and Group B Streptococcus (*S. agalactiae*) was digested with the restriction enzyme Tru9I. This enzyme which recognises the sequence 5'-TTAA -3' was used because it cuts A/T rich genomes efficiently and can generate random genomic DNA fragments within the preferred size range (usually averaging 0.5 - 1.0 kb). This size range was preferred because there is an increased probability that the P1 promoter can be utilised to transcribe a novel gene sequence. However, the P1 promoter may not be necessary in all cases as it is possible that many Streptococcal promoters are recognised in *L. lactis*. DNA fragments of different size ranges were purified from partial Tru9I digests of and *S. agalactiae* genomic DNA. As the Tru 9I restriction enzyme generates staggered ends the DNA fragments had to be made blunt ended before ligation to the EcoRV or SmaI cut pTREP1-*nuc* vectors. This was

achieved by the partial fill-in enzyme reaction using the 5'-3' polymerase activity of Klenow enzyme. Briefly Tru9I digested DNA was dissolved in a solution (usually between 10-20 μ l in total) supplemented with T4 DNA ligase buffer (New England Biolabs; NEB) (1X) and 33 μ M of each of the required dNTPs, in this case dATP and dTTP. Klenow enzyme was added (1 unit Klenow enzyme (NEB) per μ g of DNA) and the reaction incubated at 25°C for 15 minutes. The reaction was stopped by incubating the mix at 75°C for 20 minutes. EcoRV or SmaI digested pTREP-*nuc* plasmid DNA was then added (usually between 200-400 ng). The mix was then supplemented with 400 units of T4 DNA ligase (NEB) and T4 DNA ligase buffer (1X) and incubated overnight at 16°C. The ligation mix was precipitated directly in 100% Ethanol and 1/10 volume of 3M sodium acetate (pH 5.2) and used to transform *L. lactis* MG1363 (Gasson, *J. Bacteriol.* **154**:1-9 (1983)). Alternatively, the gene cloning site of the pTREP-*nuc* vectors also contains a BglIII site which can be used to clone for example Sau3AI digested genomic DNA fragments.

L. lactis transformant colonies were grown on brain heart infusion agar and nuclease secreting (*Nuc*⁺) clones were detected by a toluidine blue-DNA-agar overlay (0.05 M Tris pH 9.0, 10 g of agar per litre, 10 g of NaCl per liter, 0.1 mM CaCl₂, 0.03% wt/vol. salmon sperm DNA and 90 mg of Toluidine blue O dye) essentially as described by Shortle, 1983 [*supra*], and Le Loir *et al.*, 1994 [*supra*]). The plates were then incubated at 37°C for up to 2 hours. Nuclease secreting clones develop an easily identifiable pink halo. Plasmid DNA was isolated from *Nuc*⁺ recombinant *L. lactis* clones and DNA inserts were sequenced on one strand using the *NucSeq* sequencing primer described in figure 3, which sequences directly through the DNA insert.

Whilst the example described above related specifically to *Group B Streptococcus*, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that the same screening technique may be used to detect exported and secreted proteins in other gram positive bacteria, for example *Streptococcus pneumoniae*.

Claims:

1. A *Group B Streptococcus* protein having a sequence selected from those described in fig 1, or fragments or derivatives thereof.
2. A *Group B Streptococcus* polypeptide or peptide having a sequence selected from those described in fig 2, or fragments or derivatives thereof.
3. Derivatives or variants of the proteins, polypeptides, and peptides as claimed in claims 1 and 2 which show at least 50% identity to those proteins, polypeptides and peptides claimed in claims 1 and 2.
4. A nucleic molecule comprising or consisting of a sequence which is:
 - (i) any of the DNA sequences set out in figure 1 and figure 2 herein or their RNA equivalents;
 - (ii) a sequence which is complementary to any of the sequences of (i);
 - (iii) a sequence which codes for the same protein or polypeptide, as those sequences of (i) or (ii);
 - (iv) a sequence which shows substantial identity with any of those of (i), (ii) and (iii); or
 - (v) a sequence which codes for a derivative, or fragment of a nucleic acid molecule shown in figure 1 or figure 2.
5. A vector comprising DNA encoding for the expression of any one or more proteins, polypeptides, peptides, fragments or derivatives thereof, as claimed in claims 1 to 3.
6. A vector as claimed in claim 5 further comprising DNA encoding any one or more of the following: promoters, enhancers, signal sequences, leader sequences,

translation start and stop signals, DNA stability controlling regions, or a fusion partner.

7. The use of a vector as claimed in claims 5 and 6 in the transformation or
5 transfection of a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host.

8. A host cell suitable for the transformation of vector as claimed in claims 5 and 6.

10 9. An antibody, an affibody, or a derivative thereof which binds to one or more of the proteins, polypeptides, peptides, fragments or derivatives thereof, as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3.

15 10. An immunogenic composition comprising one or more of the proteins, polypeptides, peptides, fragments or derivatives thereof, or nucleic acid sequences as claimed in any one or more of claims 1-3 and claim 4.

11. An immunogenic composition as claimed in claim 10 which is a vaccine.

20 12. Use of an immunogenic composition as claimed in claim 10 in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of *Group B Streptococcus* infection.

25 13. A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one antibody, affibody, or a derivative thereof, as described herein.

30 14. A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one protein, polypeptide, peptide, fragments or derivatives as described herein.

15. A method of detection of *Group B Streptococcus* which comprises the step of bringing into contact a sample to be tested with at least one nucleic acid molecule as described herein.

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16. A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one antibody, affibody, or derivatives thereof as claimed in claim 9.

17. A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one *Group B Streptococcus* protein, polypeptide, peptide, fragment or derivative thereof as claimed in claims 1 to 3.

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18. A kit for the detection of *Group B Streptococcus* comprising at least one nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 4.

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19. A method of screening for DNA encoding bacterial cell envelope associated or surface antigens in gram positive bacteria comprising the steps of:

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- combining a reporter vector including the nucleotide sequence encoding the mature form of the staphylococcus nuclease gene and an upstream promoter region with DNA from a gram positive bacteria.
- transforming the resultant vector into *Lactococcus lactis* cells.
- assaying for the secretion of staphylococcus nuclease protein in the transformed cells.

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20. A method as claimed in claim 19 wherein the reporter vector is one of the pTREP1-*nuc* vectors shown in figure 4.

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21. A method as claimed in claim 19 or claim 20 wherein the gram positive bacteria is *Group B Streptococcus*, *Streptococcus Pneumoniae*, *Staphylococcus aureus* or pathogenic group *A streptococci*.

22. A vector as shown in figure 4 for use in screening for DNA encoding bacterial cell envelope associated or secreted antigens in gram positive bacteria.
- 5 23. A method of determining whether a protein, polypeptide, peptide, fragment or derivative thereof as claimed in claims 1 to 3 represents a potential anti-microbial target which comprises inactivating said protein and determining whether *Group B Streptococcus* is still viable.

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FIGURE 1

ID-1: 1248 base pairs

Clone 4

(A)

ATGGAAAAAATACTTGGAAAAAATTACTTGTTAGTACTGCTGCTCTTTCAGTAGTTGCAGGA
 GGAGCAATTGCTGCTACTCACTCTAACTCAGTTGATGCTGCTTCAAAAAAACTATCAAACCTT
 TGGGTCCCAACAGATTCAAAAGCGTCTTATAAAGCAATTGTTAAAAAATTCGAGAAGGAAAAC
 AAAGGCGTTACTGTAAAAATGATTGAGTCTAATGACTCCAAAGCTCAAGAAAACGTAAAAAAA
 GACCCAAGCAAGGCAGCCGATGTATTCTCACTTCCACATGACCAACTTGGTCAATTAGTAGAA
 TCTGGTGTTATCCAAGAAATTCCAGAGCAATACTCAAAAGAAATTGCTAAAAACGACACTAAA
 CAATCACTTACTGGTGCACAATATAAAGGGGAAAACCTTATGCATTCCCATTGGTATTGAATCT
 CAAGTTCTTTATTATAATAAAACAAAGTTAACTGCTGACGACGTTAAATCATACGAAACAATT
 ACAAGCAAAGGGGAAATTCGGTCAACAGCTTAAAGCAGCTAACTCATATGTAACAGGTCCTCTT
 TTCCTTTCTGTAGGCGACACTTTATTTGGTAAATCTGGTGAAGATGCTAAAGGCACTAACTGG
 GGTAATGAAGCAGGTGTTTCTGTCTTAAATGGATTGCAGATCAAAAGAAAAATGATGGTTTTT
 GTCAACTTGACAGCTGAAAATACAATGTCTAAATTTGGCGATGGTTCTGTTTCATGCTTTTGAA
 AGTGGACCATGGGATTACGACGCTGCTAAAAAAGCTGTCGGTGAAGATAAAATCGGTGTTGCT
 GTTTACCCAACAATGAAAATCGGTGACAAAGAAGTTCAACAAAAAGCATTCTTGGGCGTTAAA
 CTTTATGCCGTTAACCAAGCACCTGCTGGTTCAAACACTAAACGAATCTCAGCTAGCTACAAA
 CTCGCTGCATATCTAACTAATGCTGAAAGTCAAAAAATTCAATTGCAAAAACGTCATATCGTT
 CCTGCTAACTCATCAATTCAATCTTCTGATAGCGTCCAAAAAGATGAACTTGCAAAAAGCAGTT
 ATCGAAATGGGTAGCTCAGATAAATATACAACGGTTATGCCTAAGTTGAGTCAATGTCAACA
 TTCTGGACAGAAAGTGCTGCTATTCTTAGCGATACTTACAGTGGTAAAATCAAATCTAGCGAT
 TACCTTAAACGTCTAAAACAATTGATAAAGACATCGCTAAAACAAAATAG

(B)

MEKNTWKKLLVSTAALSVVAGGAIATHSNSVDAASKKTIKLWVPTDSKASYKAIIVKKFEKEN
 KGVTVKMIENSDSKAQENVKKDPSKAADVFLPHDQLGQLVESGVIEIPEQYSKEIAKNDTK
 QSLTGAQYKGYAFPFPGIESQVLYYNKTKLTADDVKSJETITSKGKFGQQLKAANSYVTGPL
 FLSVGDITLFGKSGEDAKGTNWNAGVSVLKWIADQKKNLTAENTMSKFGDGSVHAFE
 SGPWDYDAKKAVGEDKIGVAVYPTMKIGDKEVQQAFLGVKLYAVNQAPAGSNTKRISASYK
 LAAYLTNAESQKIQFEKRHIVPANSSIQSSDSVQKDELAKAVIEMGSSDKYTTVMPKLSQMST
 FWTESAAILSDTYSGKIKSSDYLKRLKQFDKDIATKZ

ID-2: 1539 base pairs

Clone 5

(A)

ATGTCAAAACAAAAAGTAACGGCAACTTTGTTGTTATCCACTTTAGTCTTATCGCTATCATCA
 CCTTTAGTGACCTTAGCAGAACTATTAATCCAGAAACAAGCCTGACAATGGCAACAGCATCA
 ACAGAAAGTTCTTCTGAAGCAGAGAAACAGGAAAAAACACAACCTACAGATTACAGAACTGCT
 TCACCTTCAGCCGAAGGAAGTATCTCAACAGAAAAACAGAGATTGGTACGACAGAGACATCA

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AGTAAGCCAGGTCAATCAACAAAGACTGAATTAACCTGAGCCTACCTTACCATTAGTAGAG
CCTAAAATAACTCCCGCTCCGTCTCAGATAGAAAGTGTTTCAAGACAAATCAGAATGCTTCTGTT
CCTGCTTTATCCTTTGATGATAACTTATTATCAACACCGATTTCACCAGTGACAGCAACGCCA
TTCTACGTAGAACACTGGTCTGGTCAGGATGCCTACTCTCACTATTTATTGTCACATCGTTAC
GGTATCAAAGCTGAACAATTAGATGGGTACTTAAATCTTTAGGGATTCAATATGATTCTAAT
CGTATCAATGGTGCTAAGTTATTACAATGGGAAAAAGATAGTGGTTTAGATGTCCGTGCTATT
GTAGCTATTGCTGTCCCTTGAAAGTTCATTGGGAACTCAAGGAGTGGCTAAAATGCCAGGTGCT
AATATGTTTGGTTATGGTGCCTTTGATCATGACTCTAGCCATGCTAGTGCTTATAATGATGAA
GAAGCAATTATGTTGTTGACAAAAAATACAATTATTAAAAACAACAACCTCTAGCTTTGAAATC
CAAGATTTGAAAGCACAGAAATTATCTTCTGGACAACCTAATACAGTTACTGAGGGTGGTGT
TATTATACAGATAACTCTGGAACCTGGTAAACGTCGTGCCAGATTATGGAAGATTAGACCGC
TGGATTGATCAACATGGAGGGACACCAGAAATTCCTGCTGCCTTGAAAGCTTTATCGACAGCA
AGTTTAGCAGATTTACCAAGTGGTTTTAGCTTATCAACAGCGGTTAACACAGCTAGCTATATT
GCATCAACTTATCCATGGGGTGAATGTACATGGTATGTCTTTAACCGCGCTAAAGAGTTAGGT
TATACATTTGATCCATTTATGGGTAATGGTGGAGATTGGCAACATAAGGCTGGCTTTGAAACA
ACACATTCACCAAAAGTAGGCTATGCTGTATCATTTTCACCAGGACAAGCTGGTGCTGATGGC
ACTTACGGTCACGTAGCTATTGTTGAAGAAGTTAAAAAGATGGTTCAGTTCTCATTTAGAA
TCTAATGCAATGGGACGTGGTATTGTCTCTTACCGTACTTTTAGTTTACGACACAAGCTGCACAA
TTAACTTATGGTATTGGCCATAAATAA

(B)

MSKQKVTATLLLSTLVLSLSSPLVTLAETINPETSMTASTESSSEAEKQEKTOPTDSETA
SPSAEGSISTEKTEIGTTETSSSSNESSSSSSSHQSSSNEDAKTSDSASTASTPSTNTTNSSQAD
SKPGQSTKTELKPEPTLPLVEPKITPAPSQIESVQTNQNASVPALSFDDNLLSTPISPVTATP
FYVEHWSGQDAYSHYLLSHRYGIKAEQLDGYLKSGLGIQYDSNRINGAKLLQWEKDSGLDVR
VAIAVLESSLGTQGVAKMPGANMFGYGAFFDHDSSHASAYNDEEAIMLLTKNTIIKNNNSSFEI
QDLKAQKLSSGQLNTVTEGGVYYTDNSGTGKRRAQIMEDLDRWIDQHGGTPEIPAALKALSTA
SLADLP SGFSLSTAVNTASYIASTYPWGECTWYVFNRAKELGYTFDPFMGNGGDWQHKAGFET
THSPKVG YAVSFSPGQAGADGTYGHVAIVEEVKKGDSVLISESNAMGRGIVSYRTFSSAQAAQ
LTYGIGHKZ

ID-3: 1293 base pairs

Clone 6

(A)

GTGCATATGTTACAAAACATTGGACAAACAGGCATTCAAGCAACTCGAATTGCTTTAGGTTGT
ATGAGAATGAGTGACTTGAAAGGAAAACAAGCTGAAGAAGTAGTTGGAACAGCATTAGATTTG
GGTATTATAAATAATAAAGTGCAAGAAAGTGTCTCTGGCGTCAAAGTGAATAATCATTGTGT
TATCAAGAACAAGAAATTGCTTCTTTTCAAGAGATTAATCAGATGACTTTTCGTGAAGAACATG
CGGACCATGACTTATGATGTCATGTTTGATCCTTTAGTTCTTCTTTTATAGGTGCCTCCTAC
GTATTAACATTGGCTATGGGAGCTTTTATGATTTCAAAGGTCAAGTTACTGTTGGTGACTTG
GTAACATTTGTGACGTATTTAGATATGTTGGTATGGCCCTTGATGGCGATTGGTTTCTTGTTT
AATATGGTACAGCGTGGTAGTGTCTTATAACCGTATTAATAGTCTACTTGAGCAAGAATCG

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 CGTGAACATGATGTGACTCAGGGGAAAATTACTTTAAATAAACATGATATACGTGATTATCGA
 TTGTCTGAGTTACGTCAACTAATCGGTTATGTTCTCAAGATCAGTTTTTTATTTGCTACCAAGT
 ATTTTAGAAAATGTTTCGCTTTGGAAATCCAACCTCTATCTATCAATGCTGTCAAAGAAGCAACT
 AAATTGGCACATGTTTACGATGACATTGAACAGATGCCAGCAGGATTTGAGACTCTAATTGGA
 GAAAAAGGAGTCTCATTATCTGGTGGACAAAAACAAAGGATTGCGATGAGTCGTGCCATGATT
 TTAGATCCAGATATTCTTATTTTGGATGATTCTCTATCAGCAGTGGACGCTAAAACGGAACAT
 GCTATTGTTGAGAATCTTAAAACGAATCGTCAAGGGAAATCGACTATTATTTTCAGCACATCGT
 TTATCAGCTGTTGTGCACGCAGACCTTATCTTAGTTATGCGAGACGGCAGAGTCATTGAGCGA
 GGTCAACATCAAGAGTTGCTAAATAAAGGTGGTTGGTATGCTGAAACGTATGCCTCACAGCAA
 TTAGAAATGGAGGAAGCATTGTGATGAAGTCTAA

(B)

MHMLQNIQGTGIQATRIALGCMRMSDLKGKQAEVVG TALDLGIINNKVQESVSGVKVTKSLC
 YQEQEIASFQEINQMTFVKNMRTMTYDVMFDPLVLLFIGASYVLT LAMGAFMISKQVTVGDL
 VTFVTYLDMLVWPLMAIGFLFNMVQRGSVSYNRINSLLEQESDITDPLNPIKPVVNGTLRYDI
 DFFRYDNEETLADIHFTLEKGQTLGLVGQGTSGKTSLIKLLLREHDVTQ GKITL NKHDIRDYR
 LSELRQLIGYVPQDQFLFATSILENVRFGNPTLSINAVKEATKLAHVYDDIEQMPAGFETLIG
 EKGVSLSGGQKQRIAMSRAMILDPDILILDDSLSAVDAKTEHAIVENLKTNRQ GKSTIISAHR
 LSAVVHADLILVMRDGRVIERGQHQELLNKGGWYAETYASQQLEMEEAFFDEVZ

ID-6: 921 base pairs

Clone 9

(A)

ATGAAAAAAGTTTTTTTTCTCATGGCTATGGTTGTGAGTTTAGTAATGATAGCAGGGTGTGAT
 AAGTCAGCAAACCCCAAACAGCCTACGCAAGGCATGTCAGTTGTAACCAGCTTTTACCCAATG
 TATGCGATGACAAAAGAAGTATCTGGAGACCTAAATGATGTGAGGATGATCCAATCAGGTGCA
 GGCATTCAATTCCTTTGAACCGTCTGTAAATGATGTGGCAGCTATTTATGACGCGGATTTGTTT
 GTTTACCAATCACATACCTTAGAAGCTTGGGCAAGGGATCTAGACCCTAATTTAAAAAATCA
 AAGGTTAATGTGTTTGAAGCGTCAAACCTCTGACACTAGATAGAGTCAAAGGGCTAGAAGAT
 ATGGAAGTCACACAAGGCATTGACCCTGCGACACTTTATGACCCACATACCTGGACGGATCCC
 GTTTTAGCTGGTGAGGAAGCTGTTAATATCGCTAAAGAGCTAGGACATTTGGATCCTAAACAC
 AAAGACAGTTACACTAAAAGGCTAAGGCTTTCAAAAAGAAGCAGAGCAACTAACTGAAGAA
 TACACTCAAAAATTTAAAAAGGTGCGCTCAAAAACATTTGTGACGCAACACACGGCATTCTTCT
 TATCTGGCTAAACGATTCGGCTTGAAACAACCTGGTATCTCGGGTATTTCTCCAGAGCAAGAG
 CCCTCTCCTCGCCAATTGAAAGAAATTCAAGACTTTGTTAAAGAATACAACGTCAAGACTATT
 TTTGCAGAAGACAACGTCAACCCCAAATTGCTCATGCTATTGCGAAATCAACAGGAGCTAAA
 GTAAAGACATTAAAGTCCACTTGAAGCTGCTCCAAGCGGAAACAAGACATATCTAGAAAATCTT
 AGAGCAAATTTGGAAGTGCTCTATCAACAGTTGAAGTAA

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(B)

MKKVFFLMAMVVSLVMIAGCDKSNPKQPTQGMSSVVSFYPMYAMTKEVSGDLNDVRMIQSGA
 GIHSFEPVSNDVAAIYDADLFVYQSHTLEAWARDLDPNLKSKVNVFEASKPLTLDRVKGLED
 MEVTQGIDPATLYDPHTWTDVPLAGEEAVNIAKELGHLDPKHKDSYTKKAKAFKKEAEQLTEE
 YTQKFKKVRSKTFVTQHTAFSYLAKRFGKQLGISGISPEQEPSRQLKEIQDFVKEYNVKTI
 FAEDNVNPKIAHAIAKSTGAKVKTLSPLEAAPSGNKTYLENLRANLEVLYQQLKZ

ID-8:1029 base pairs

Clone 17

(A)

ATGACAAAAAACTTATTATTGCTATATTAGCACTATGCACTATCTTAACCACTTCTCAAGCT
 GTTTTAGCTAAAGAAAAATCACAACTGTTACCATAAAAAACAATTCGGTCTATATTAAA
 AAAGAAAAAAGAGACAAGCCGGATAATAAAAAGCAAATCAGCGAGACACTTAAAGTTCCTTTA
 AAACCCAAAAAAGTAGTTGTTTTTGATATGGGAGCTTTGGATACTATCACAGCTTTAGGAGCT
 GAAAAATCTGTTATTGGTATCCCGAAGGCTAAAAATGCTCTAAGTTTATTGCCCAATAACGTC
 AAATCTGTTTATAAAGCTAAGAGATACCAAGACGTAGGAAGTCTCTTCGAACCAAACCTTTGAA
 GCTATTGCTCGTATGCAACCTGATGTGGTTTTCTAGGAGCACGTATGGCTTCTGTTGATAAT
 ATTGAAAAATTAAAGGAGGCTGCACCTAAAGCAGCATTAGTATATGCTGGAGTCGACTCAAAA
 AAAGTATTTGACAAAGGAGTTGCTGAGCGTGTCACAATGTTAGGGAAAATCTTCGACCAAAT
 AAAAAGGCAAAAACCTTTAATAAAGATATCGCACAAAGCTGTTCTTAAATTGCAGAAAACCTATT
 GAGAAAAAAGGTAAACCTACAGCTCTATTTGTAATGGCAAACAGCGGTGAACCTTTAACTCAA
 TCACCTTCTGGTCGTTTTGGTTGGATTTTCTCTGTAGGTGGATTTAAAGCAGTCAATGAAAAT
 GAAAAACTAAGTTCACATGGTACTCCCGTATCTTATGAATACATCGCTGAAAAAAATCCTAAC
 TATCTCTTTGTTTTAGATCGTGGAGCGACTATTGGACAAGGAGCTTCATCAAAAGAACTTTTT
 AATAACGATGTTATTAAAGCAACTGATGCTGTCAAAAACAAACGTGTTTCATGAGGTTAGATGGA
 AAAGATTGGTATATCAATTCAGGCGGAAGCCGAGTAACACTCCGTATGATTAAAGATGTACAG
 AACTTTGTTGATAATCGTTAA

(B)

MTKKLI IAILALCTILTTSQAVLAKEKSQVTIKNNYSVYIKKEKRDKPDNKKQISETLKVPL
 KPKKVVFDMGALDTITALGAEKSVIGIPKAKNALSLLPNNVKSVMYKAKRYQDVGSLFEPNFE
 AIARMQPDVFLGARMASVDNIEKLKEAAPKAALVYAGVDSKKVFDKGVAERTVMLGKIFDQN
 KKAKTFNKDIAQAVLKLQKTIEKKGKPTALFVMANSGELLTQSPSGRFGWIFSVGGFKAVNEN
 EKLSSHGTPVSYEYIAEKPNPYLFVLDRGATIGQGASSKELENNNDVIKATDAVKNKRVHEVDG
 KDWYINSGGSRVTLRMIKDVQNFVDNRZ

ID-9: 2469 base pairs

Clone 18

(A)

GTGAAGAAAACATATGGTTATATCGGCTCAGTTGCTGCTATTTTACTAGCTACTCATATTGGA
 AGTTACCAGCTTGGTAAGCATCATATGGGTCTAGCAACAAAGGACAATCAGATTGCCTATATT
 GATGATAGCAAAGGTAAGGTAAAAGCCCCCTAAAACAAACAAAACGATGGATCAAATCAGTGCT
 GAAGAAGGCATCTCTGCTGAACAGATCGTAGTCAAATTAAGTACCAAGGTTATGTTACCTCA

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CACGGTGACCATTATCATTTTTTACAATGGGAAAGTTCCTTATGATGCGATTATTAGTGAAGAG
TTGTTGATGACGGATCCTAATTACCATTTTAAACAATCAGACGTTATCAATGAAATCTTAGAC
GGTTACGTTATTAAAGTCAATGGCAACTATTATGTTTTACCTCAAGCCAGGTAGTAAGCGCAAA
AACATTGCAACCAACAACAATTTGCTGAGCAAGTAGCCAAAGGAACTAAAGAAGCTAAAGAA
AAAGGTTTTAGCTCAAGTGGCCCATCTCAGTAAAGAAGAAGTTGCGGCAGTCAATGAAGCAAAA
AGACAAGGACGCTATACTACAGACGATGGCTATATTTTTTAGTCCGACAGATATCATTGATGAT
TTAGGAGATGCTTATTTAGTACCTCATGGTAATCACTATCATTATATTCCTAAAAAAGATTTG
TCTCCAAGTGAGCTAGCTGCTGCACAAGCCTACTGGAGTCAAAAACAAGGTCGAGGTGCTAGA
CCGTCTGATTACCGCCCCGACACCAGCCCCAGGTTCGTAGGAAAGCCCCAATTTCCTGATGTGACG
CCTAACCTGGACAAGGTCATCAGCCAGATAACGGTGGTTATCATCCAGCGCCTCCTAGGCCA
AATGATGCGTCACAAAACAAACACCAAGAGATGAGTTTAAAGGAAAAACCTTTAAGGAACTT
TTAGATCATCTACACCGTCTTGATTTGAAATACCGTCATGTGGAAGAAGATGGGTTGATTTTT
GAACCGACTCAAGTGATCAAATCAAACGCTTTTGGGTATGTGGTGCCTCATGGAGATCATTAT
CATATTATCCCAAGAAGTCAGTTATCACCTCTTGAAATGGAATTAGCAGATCGATACTTAGCC
GGCCAACTGATGACAACGACTCAGGTTTCAATCACTCAAAACCATCAGATAAAGAAGTGACA
CATACTTTCTTGGTCATCGCATCAAAGCTTACGGAAAAGGCTTAGATGGTAAACCATATGAT
ACGAGTGATGCTTATGTTTTTAGTAAAGAATCCATTTCATTTCAGTGGATAAATCAGGAGTTACA
GCTAAACACGGAGATCATTTCCACTATATAGGATTTGGAGAACTTGAACAATATGAGTTGGAT
GAGGTCGCTAACTGGGTGAAAGCAAAAGGTCAAGCTGATGAGCTTGTTGCTGCTTTGGATCAG
GAACAAGGCAAAGAAAAACCACTCTTTGACACTAAAAAAGTGAGTCGCAAAGTAACAAAAGAT
GGTAAAGTGGGCTATATTATGCCAAAAGATGGCAAGGACTATTTCTATGCTCGTTATCAACTT
GATTTGACTCAGATTGCCTTTGCCGAACAAGAACTAATGCTTAAAGATAAGAAGCATTACCGT
TATGACATTGTTGATACAGGCATTGAGCCACGACTTGCTGTAGATGTGTCAAGTCTGCCGATG
CATGCTGGTAATGCTACTTACGATACTGGAAGTTCGTTTGTATCCCACATATTGATCATATC
CATGTCGTTCCGTATTCATGGTTGACGCGCAATCAGATTGCAACAATCAAGTATGTGATGCAA
CACCCCGAAGTTCGTCCGGATGTATGGTCTAAGCCAGGGCATGAAGAGTCAGGTTCCGGTCATT
CCAAATGTTACGCCTCTTGATAAACGTGCTGGTATGCCAACTGGCAAATTATCCATTCTGCT
GAAGAAGTTCAAAAAGCCCTAGCAGAAGGTTCGTTTTGCAGCACCAGACGGCTATATTTTCGAT
CCACGAGATGTTTTGGCAAAAGAACTTTTGTATGGAAAGATGGCTCCTTTAGCATCCCAAGA
GCAGATGGCAGTTCATTGAGAACCATTAATAAATCCGATCTATCCCAAGCTGAGTGGCAACAA
GCTCAAGAGTTATTGGCAAAAGAAAAATGCTGGTGATGCTACTGATACGGATAAACCTGAAGAA
AAGCAACAGGCAGATAAGAGCAATGAAAACCAACAGCCAAGTGAAGCCAGTAAAGAAGAAAAA
GAATCAGATGACTTTATAGACAGTTTACCAGACTATGGTCTAGATAGAGCAACCCTAGAAGAT
CATATCAATCAATTAGCACAAAAAGCTAATATCGATCCTAAGTATCTCATTTTCCAACCAGAA
GGTGTCCAATTTTATAATAAAAATGGTGAATTGGTAACTTATGATATCAAGACACTTCAACAA
ATAAACCTTAA

(B)

MKKTYGYIGSVAAILLATHIGSYQLGKHHMGLATKDNQIAYIDDSKGKVKAPKTNKTMDOISA
EEGISAEQIVVKITDQGYVTSHGDHYHFYNGKVPYDAII SEELLMTDPNYHFKQSDVINEILD
GYVIKVNNGNYVYLKPGSKRKNIRTKQQIAEQVAKGTKEAKEKGLAQVAHLSKEEVAAYNEAK
RQGRYTDDGYIFSPTDIIDDLGDAYLVPNGHNYHYIPKKDLSPSELAAAQAYWSQKQGRGAR
PSDYRPTPAPGRRKAPIPDVTPNPGQGHQPDNGGYHPAPPRPNDASQNKHQRDEFKGTFFKEL
LDHLHRLDLKYRHVEEDGLIFEPTQVIKSNAFGYVVPNGHDHYHIIPRSQSLPEMELADRYLA
GQTDDNDSGSDHSPDKEVTHTFLGHRIKAYGKGLDGKPYDTS DAYVFSKESIHSVDKSGVT

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AKHGDHFDHYIGFGELEQYELDEVANWVKAKGQADELVAALDQEQGKEKPLFDTKKVSRKVTKD
 GKVGYIMPKDGKDYFYARYQLDLTQIAFAEQELMLKDKKHRYRDIIVDTGIEPRLAVDVSSLPM
 HAGNATYDTGSSFVIPHIDHIHVVPYSWLTRNQIATIKYVMQHPEVRPDVWSKPGHEESGSVI
 PNVTPLDKRAGMPNWQIIHSAEEVQKALAEGRFAAPDGYIFDPRDVLAKETFWWKDGSFSIPR
 ADGSSLRTINKSDLQAQEWQQAQELLAKKNAGDATDTPKPEEKQQADKSNENQQPSEASKEEK
 ESDDFIDSLPDYGLDRATLEDHINQLAQKANIDPKYLIFQPEGVQFYNKNGELVTYDIKTLQQ
 INPZ

ID-10: 939 base pairs

Clone 22

(A)

ATGATACGCCAGTTTTTAAGAGAACACTTGATTTGGTATATTTTATATATCATGATGTTTGTC
 CTATTTTTTATTAGTTTCTATCTATATCATTTACCAATGCCCTATTTGTTTAATTCCTTAGGT
 TTAAATGTTATTGTTTTACTAGGAATTAGTATTTGGCAATACAGTCGTTACAGGAAAAAATG
 TTACATCTCAAATATTTTAATAGTAGTCAGGACCCCTCTTTCGAACTTCAACCGAGTGATTAC
 GCTTATTTTAATATTATTACACAATTAGAAGCTAGAGAAGCGCAAAAAGTTTCTGAAACAATT
 GAACAAACCAATCATGTTGCACTTATGATAAAGATGTGGTCGCACCAATGAAAGTTCATTG
 GCAGCTATTTTCATTAATGGCCCAGACAAATCATCTCGATCCTAAGGAAGTTGAACAACAATTA
 TTGAAATTGCAACATTATCTTGAAACGTTGTTAGCATTTTTGAAATTTAGACAATATCGTGAC
 GATTTTCGTTTTGAAGCTGTTAGCCTTAGAGAAGTAGTAGTAGAAATTATAAAATCGTATAAG
 GTTATTTGTCTATCCAAAAGCTTATCTATCATAATTGAAGGCGATAATATCTGGAAAACAGAC
 AAAAAGTGGTTAACTTTTGCTCTTTCACAGGTGCTAGATAATGCCATAAAATATTCTAATCCT
 GAGTCAAAGATAATAATAAGCATAGGAGAAGAGAGTATTAGAATACAAGACTACGGTATCGGC
 ATACTCGAAGAGGATATCCCTAGACTTTTTGAAGATGGCTTTACGGGTTACAACGGTCATGAG
 CACCAAAAGGCAACAGGCATGGGGTTATATATGACAAAAGAAGTCTTATCTAGTCTGAATTTG
 TCCATTTTCGGTGGATAGCAAAATTAATTATGGGACTGCTGTTTCTATACATAAATAA

(B)

MIRQFLREHLIWIYILYIMMFVLEFFISFYLYHLPMPYLFNSLGLNVIVLLGISIWQYSRYRKKM
 LHLKYFNSSQDPSFELQPSDYAYFNIITQLEAREAQKVSETIEQTNHVALMIKMWSHQMKVPL
 AAISLMAQTNHLDPEVEQQLLKLQHYLETLLAFLKFRQYRDDFRFEAVSLREVVEI IKS
 VICLSKSLSIIIEGDNIWKTDKKWLT FALSQVLDNAIKYSNPESKIIISIGEESIRIQDYGIG
 ILEEDIPLRFEDGFTGYNGHEHQKATGMGLYMTKEVLSSLNLSISVDSKINYGTAVSIHKZ

ID-13: 660 base pairs

Clone 28

(A)

ATGGTAAATGATATATTAGAAAGAATGTATAAAGAGAATATTCCAAATCTTACCTTACATCC
 GTCCCATTAGTTATTTCTCAAAAAGGAAGAACAACCTATTCGTTTAGTATGACTGGTGGTCAA
 CAAATAGATGGAGTGAAATTCACACAGATATATGAGGACTATATGAAATTACTCAGTCAAGGT
 AAGGATATCGCAGAGTTATATCAAAAATATTCTAAAGAAGAGTTGGCAAATCTAGGCATTAAT
 ATTTATCAATCCAATGATATAGAAAGGACTGAGGAAAGAAGTCTTTGATGAAATTATCAGTTGG
 GTTTCACACCCTTATGCAACAAGACCAATTCAAGAAAGGCACACTATTCAATTAGAGCCACA

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AGATTTTCACTAGAGGATAAGAAAAGAATTGAAGAAGCTGCAGCTCAAGGACTAAGCGAAATC
 GACCTTATTGATTTAGTTGACCTATATGATATTAATTTAGACAATACAAGCGTCAATCGCCAT
 ATTGTGGGGTTATTGACTAATAACACCCAAGTAACATACTATTTCCAAGAACAATTAAATAAG
 GAGTTGCTGTCAATGGCTCACGCTTTAGATAACGTACAACAGGCCTTTATTAAATTATTAAGT
 GAAGAGGAGATACGAAAATTTGCTCTTTAA

(B)

MVNDILERMYKENIPKSYLTSVPLVISQKGRTTYFSMTGGQQIDGVKFTQIYEDYMKLLSQG
 KDIAELYQKYSKEELANLGINIYQSNDIERTEERTFDEIISWVSNPYATRPIQERHTIQLEPT
 RFSLEDKKRIEEEAAQGLSEIDLIDLVDLYDINLDNTSVNRHIVGLLTNNNTQVTTYFQEQNLN
 ELLSMAHALDNVQQAFIKLLSEEEIRKFALZ

ID-14: 654 base pairs

Clone 31

(A)

ATGAATAAAAGAAGAAAATTATCAAAATTGAATGTAAAAAACAACATTTAGCTTATGGAGCT
 ATCACTTTAGTAGCCCTTTTTTCATGTATTTTGGCTGTAACGGTCATCTTTAAAAGTTCACAA
 GTTACTACTGAATCTTTGTCAAAGCAGATAAAGTTCGCGTAGCCAAAAAATCAAAAATGACT
 AAGGCGACATCTAAATCAAAGTAGAAGATGTAAACAGGCTCCAAAACCTTCTCAGGCATCT
 AATGAAGCCCCAAAATCAAGTTCTCAATCTACAGAAGCTAATTCTCAGCAACAAGTTACTGCG
 AGTGAAGAGGCGGCTGTAGAACAAGCAGTTGTAAACAGAAAATACCCCTGCTACCAGTCAGGCA
 CAACAACTTATGCTGTTACTGAGACAACCTTACAAACCTGCTCAACACCAGACAAGTGGCCAA
 GTATTGAGCAATGGAAATACTGCAGGGGCGGTCGGATCTGCTGCTGCAGCACAAATGGCTGCT
 GCAACAGGAGTCCCTCAGTCTACTTGGGAACATATTATTGCCCGTGAATCAAATGGTAATCCT
 AATGTTGCTAATGCCTCAGGGAGCTTCAGGACTTTTCCAAACGATGCCAGGTTGGGGTTCAAC
 AGCTACAGTTCAGGATCAAGTTAA

(B)

MNKRRKLSKLNKQHLAYGAITLVALFSCILAVTVIFKSSQVTTESLSKADKVRVAKKSKMT
 KATSKSKVEDVKQAPKPSQASNEAPKSSSQSTEANSQQQVTASEEAAVEQAVVTENTPATSSQA
 QQTYAVTETTYKPAQHQTSGQVLSNGNTAGAVGSAAAAQMAAATGVPQSTWEHIIARESNGNP
 NVANASGSFRTFPNDARLGFNSYSSGSSZ

ID-15: 360 base pairs

Clone 32

(A)

ATGATTGTTGGACACGGAATTGATTTACAAGAGATAGAGGCGATTACTAAAGCATATGAGCGT
 AATCAACGTTTTTGCAGAACGCGTTTTGACCGAACAGAATTGCTTCTTTTTTAAAGGAATTTCC
 AATCCCAAGCGTCAGATGTCTTTTTTAACAGGGCGATGGGCAGCAAAAGAGGCTTATAGCAAA
 GCACTTGGAACAGGAATTGGGAAAGTTAATTTTCATGATATCGAAATTTTATCGGATGATAAA
 GGAGCGCCTTTGATTACAAAAGAACCGTTTAATGGAAAATCTTTTGTTCATATCTCATAGT
 GGTAATTATGCACAAGCTAGTGTTATTTTGGAGGAAGAAAATGA

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(B)

MIVGHGIDLQEIEAITKAYERNQRFERVLTEQELLLFKGISNPKRQMSFLTGRWAAKEAYSK
ALGTGIGKVNFDHIEILSDDKGAPLITKEPFNGKSFVSI SHSGNYAQASVILEEEKZ

ID-16: 474 base pairs

Clone 35

(A)

ATGATTTTTGTCACAGTGGGGACACATGAACAGCAGTTCAACCGTCTTATTAAAGAAGTTGAT
AGATTAAAAGGGACAGGTGCTATTGATCAAGAAGTGTTCAATCAAACGGGTTACTCAGACTTC
GAACCTCAGAATTGTCAGTGGTCAAATTTCTCTCATATGATGATATGAACCTTTACATGAAA
GAAGCTGAGATTGTTATCACACATGGCGGCCAGCGACGTTTATGTCAGTTATTTCTTTAGGG
AAATTACCAGTTGTTGTTTCTAGGAGAAAGCAGTTTGGTGAACATATCAATGATCATCAAATA
CAATTTTTTAAAAAAATTGCCACCTGTATCCCTTGGCTTGGATTGAAGATGTAGATGGACTT
GCGGAAGCGTTGAAAAGGAATATAGCTACAGAAAAATATCAGGGAAATAATGATATGTTTTGT
CATAAATTAGAAAAAATTATAGGTGAAATATGA

(B)

MIFVTVGTHEQQFNRLIKEVDRLKGTGAIDQEVFIQTGYSDFEPQNCQWSKFLSYDDMNSYMK
EAEIVITHGGPATFMSVISLGKLPVVVPRRKQFGEHINDHQIQFLKKIAHLYPLAWIEDVDGL
AEALKRNIAATEKYQGNNDMFCHKLEKIIGEIZ

ID-17: 1203 base pairs

Clone39

(A)

TTGGAAGACAAATTATTCAACAAACATTTTATAGGCATTACTATTTTAACTTTATTGTTTAT
ATGGTCTATTATTTGTTTACCGTTATCATAGCTTTTATTGCGACTAAAGAGTTAGGTGTTAGC
ACTAGCCAAGCAGGATTAGCAACGGGGATTATATTGTAGGGACTTTGATTGCTCGTCTTATA
TTTGGAAGCAATTAGAAGTTCTAGGACGTAAGTTAGTTTTACGTGGAGGGGCTATTTTTTAC
TTACTAACAACCTTTAGCTTATTTTTATATGCCAAGTATCGGAGTAATGTATTTAGTTCGTTTC
CTAAATGGTTTTGTTTATGGCGTCGTGTCAACAGCAACTAATACTATTGTAACAGCCTATATA
CCAGCTGATAAAAGAGGTGAGGGGATTAACCTTTACGGTCTATCAACAAGTTTAGCCGCAGCT
ATTGGTCCTTTTGTAGGAACATTTATGCTAGACAACCTTCATATTAACCTTTAAATGGTTATT
GTATTATGTAGTATTTTAATTGCGATTGTAGTGTGGGAGCATTGTGTTTCCCAGTCAAAAAT
ATTACTTTAAATCCAGAACAGTTAGCTAAATCAAAATCATGGACTATTGATAGTTTCATTGAG
AAAAAAGCAATTTTTATCACAATTATTGCATTTTTGATGGGTATCTCCTATGCTTCCGTGTTA
GGTTTCCAAAAATTATATACAACAGAAATTAATTTGATGACAGTAGGAGCTTATTTCTTTATT
GTTTATGCACTTGTCACTCTTAACCAGACCATCTATGGGAAGATTAATGGACGCTAAGGGA
GATAAGTGGGTGCTTTATCCAAGTTATCTGTTCTTAACCTTTGGGACTTGCTTTATTAGGGAGT
GCTATGGGAAGTGTTACCTACCTTCTATCAGGTGCTTTGATTGGTTTTGGTTATGGCACCTTT
ATGTCTTGTGGCCAAGCAGCATCAATCAAAGGTGTTGAGGAACATCGTTTCAATACAGCCATG
TCAACTTACATGATAGGTCTTGATTTAGGGTTAGGTGCTGGACCTTACATTTTGGGACTTGTT
AAAGATGGTTTTCTTGGAGCTGGTGTGCAATCCTTTAGAGAATTATTCTGGATAGCAGCGATT

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ATTCCTGTTGTTTGTGGTATTCTATATTTCTTAAAATCATCTAGACAAGTTGAAACTAAAAC
ATATAA

(B)

MEDKLFNKHFIGITILNFIVYMVYYLFTVIIAFIATKELGVSTSQAGLATGIYIVGTLIARLI
FGKQLEVLGRKLVLRGGAI FYLLTTLAYFYMP SIGVMYLVRF LNFGYGVVSTATNTIVTAYI
PADKRGE GINFYGLSTSLAAAIGPFVGT FMLDNLHINFKMVIVLCSILIAIVVLGAFVFPVKN
ITLNPEQLAKSKSWTIDSFIEKKAIFITIIAFLMGISYASVLGFQKLYTTEINLMTVGAYFFI
VYALVITLTRPSMGR LMDAKGDKWVLYPSYLF LTLGLALLGSAMGSV TYLLSGALIGFGYGT F
MSCGQAASIKGVEEHRENTAMSTYMIGLDLGLGAGPYILGLVKDGLGAGVQSFRELFWIAAI
IPVVCGILYFLKSSRQVETKTIZ

ID-19: 927 base pairs

Clone 102

(A)

ATGAAAAAGATTCGATTATCAAAGTTTATTAAAATGATTGTTGTTATTTTGT TTTTAATTAGT
GTAGCAGCTAGTTTTTATTTTTTCCACGTTGCCAAGTTGAGATGATAAATCCTTTATTTCA
AATGGTCAACGTAAGCCTGGAAACTCTTTATATGCTTATGATAAATCCTTTGATAAGCTATTA
AAGCAAAAAATAGAAATGACAAACCAAAATATAAAGCAAGTTGCTTGGTATGTTCCCTGCTGCT
AAGAAAAC TCATAAGACAGTTGTTGTCGTT CATGGTTTTGCGAATAGCAAAGAGAATATGAAG
GCATATGGTTGGCTGTTTCATAAGTTAGGATACAATGTTCTTATGCCTGACAACATTGCACAT
GGTGAAAGTCATGGGCAGTTGATAGGCTATGGCTGGAACGACCGGAGAACATTATCAAATGG
ACAGAAATGATAGTGGATAAGAATCCATCAAGCCAAATTACTTTATTTGGTGT TTTCAATGGGT
GGAGCAACAGTCATGATGGCTAGTGGTGAAAAATTACCTAGTCAGGTTGTTAATATCATTGAA
GATTGTGGTTATTCTAGTGTTTGGGATGAATTA AAAATTT CAGGCTAAAGAGATGTATGGTTTA
CCAGCCTTCCC ACTCTTATATGAAGTTTCAACAATTTCTAAAATCAGAGCAGGTTTTTTCGTAT
GGACAAGCAAGTAGTGTCGAACAATTGAAAAAGAATAATTTACCAGCCCTCTTTATTCATGGT
GATAAGGATAATTTTGTTCACAAGTATGGTTTATGACA ACTATAAAGCTACAGCAGGTAAG
AAAGAGCTTTATATTGTAAAAGGGGCAAAACATGCGAAATCTTTTGAAACAGAGCCAGAAAAA
TATGAGAAACGTATCTCTAGTTTTTTGAAAAAATATGAAAAATAA

(B)

MKKIRLSKFIKMIVVILFLISVAASFYFFHVAQVRDDKS F ISNGQRKPGNSLYAYDKSFDKLL
KQKIEMTNQNIKQVAWYVPAKKTHKTVVVVHGFANSKENMKAYGWL F HKLGYNV LMPDNIAH
GESHGQLIGYGWNDRENI IKWTEMIVDKNPSSQITLFGVSMGGATVMMASGEKLPSQVVNIE
DCGYSSVWDELKFQAKEMYGLPAFPLLYEVSTISKIRAGFSYQASSVEQLKKNL PALFIHG
DKDNFVPTSMVYDNYKATAGKKELYIVKGAKHAKSFETEPEKEYEKRISSFLKKYEKZ

ID-20: 546 base pairs

Clone 120

(A)

TTGAGGAGTAATATGGTAAAGACAGCAGTTTTAATGGCGACATACAATGGCGAAAAATTTATA
TCTGAACA ACTTGATTCAATTCGCCAACAGACATTA AAACCAGATTATGTATTATTGAGGGAT

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GATTGTTCAACGGATGAAACAGTCAATGTCGTCAATAACTATATCGCAAAACATGAGTTAGAA
 GGCTGGAAAATTGTTAAAAACGACAAAACTTAGGCTGGCGTTTAAATTTTCGTCAATTACTT
 ATTGATGTGTTAGCCTATGAGGTTGACTATGTCTTTTTTAGTGATCAAGATGATATTTGGTAT
 CTTGATAAAAACGAACGACAGTTTGCCATTATGTGAGATAACCCCTCAAATTGAGGTTTTGAGT
 GCAGACGTTGATATCAAAACGATGTCTACAGAAGCCAGTGTTCACATTTTCTAACTTTTTCT
 TCTAGTGATAGAATCAGTCAGTATCCTAAAGTATATGATTATCAAACATTCCGTCCTGGATGG
 ACCATTGCTATGAAGAGAGATTTTGCGCAAGCTATCGCTTGA

(B)

MRSNMVKTAVLMATYNKEKFISEQLDSIRQOTLKPDYVLLRDDCSTDETVNVVNNYIAKHELE
 GWKIVKNDKNLWRLNFRQLLDVLAIEVDYVFFSDQDDIWYLDKNERQFAIMSDNPQIEVLS
 ADVDIKTMSTEASVPHFLTFSSSDRISQYPKVYDYQTFRPGWTIAMKRDFQAIAZ

ID-21: 579 base pairs

Clone 143

(A)

ATGATTCATGAGATTCACGATTGTCAATTTATTGAAAAAGGAAGTTACGTTTATTTGAATTAT
 ATTAATGCTGAGGGCGAGAGAGTAGTTATTATAATCATAGATTTTGTCCGTAGTGTTAGTCCT
 ATTTTATATCGTCTATTTATGATTTTACTTGACACAAGAAGTACCTCACTTGCATGATTACATC
 TATAATGCAAGAGATGATCACTACGATACTTGGAAGTTTAAAGAATTAAAGGAGTCAAACCAT
 CCAGTCCTTTTGGCATTCTCTGAAAGGTGGCACGATAGTCGCTTGACTTCTAAAAGCCTTGCA
 GAATGTTTACAATTAACCGACCTTGATGAAGAAGTGAAATCGACCATCATTCAATTAAGACAG
 TTCGAAAAATCAGTCAGAAATCCTTTGGCTCACCTGATTAAACCTTTTGATGAGCAAGAACTA
 TATCGTACAACTCAATTTTCTTCTCAAGCATTTTGTAGACCAGATTATCTTCTTGCAAAGGTA
 ATTGGTGTGAGTATGATACTGTTAATTTTCACTACGATACGGTTAACAAGCTTATTATAAAG
 ATACTTGAGTAA

(B)

MIHEIHDCQFIEKGSYVYLYNYINAEGERVVIIIDFVRSVSPILYRLFMILLAQEVPHLHDYI
 YNARDDHYDTWKFKELKESNHPVLLAFSERWHSRLTSKSLAECLQLTDLDEEVKSTIIQLRQ
 FEKSVRNPLAHLIKPFDEQELYRTTQFSSQAFLDQIIIFLAKVIGVEYDTVNFHYDTVNKLIK
 ILEZ

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FIGURE 2

ID-4:

Clone 6b

(A)

TTGATGAAGTCTAATCAATGGCAAGTCTTTAAGAGATTAATCTCCTATTTACGCCCTTATAAA
TGGTTTACAGTATTAGCTCTATCTCTCTTATTGTTGACGACTGTTGTTAAAAATATTATTCCT
TTAATTGCTTCACATTTTATTGATCACTATCTGACAAATGTTAATCAAACAGCAGTTCTTATT
TTAGTGGGATATTATTCAATGTATGTCTTGCAGACCTTAATTCAATATTTTGGGAATCTCTTT
TTTGCGCGTGTTTCTTATAGTATTGTTAGAGATATTCGTAGAGATGCTTTTGCTAATATGGAA
AGGCTAGGCATGTCTTATTTTGATAGGACACCGGCAGGATCTATTGTGTACAGTATTACTAAT
GATACTGAAGCAATATCTGATATGTTTTCGGGTATTTTATCAAGTTTTATCTCGGCGATATTT
ATTTTACAGTTACTCTGTACACTATGTTGATGCTAGACATTAACTAACAGGACTCGTCGCT
CTTTTGTTACCTGTTATCTTTATATTAGTGAATGTCTATCGGAAAAATCAGTCACTGTCATT
GCTAAAACGAGAAGTTTACTTAGTGATATCAACAGTAAATTATCAGGAAGTATTGAAGGAATT
CGCATTGTACAGGCTTTTGGTCAAGAAGAGCGCTTGAAGACTGAATTTGAGGAAATTAACAAA
GAGCATGTTGTGTATGCCAATCGTTCTATGGCTCTTGATAGTCTCTTCTTAAGACCGGCGATG
TCTCTTTTAAACTCCTAGCATATGCTGTTCTTATGTCTTATTTTGGATTTACAGGAGTTAAA
GGAGGTCTTACGGCAGGATTAATGTATGCTTTTATTTCAGTACGTTAATCGTCTATTTGACCCT
TTAATTGAAGTAACGCAAAATTTTCAACCTTACAAACATCAATGGTATCAGCAGGGCGTGTG
TTTGATCTGATTGATGAAACAGGTTTTGAACCAAGCCAAAAAATACAGAAGCT

(B)

MMKSQWQVFKRLISYLRPYKWFTVLALSLLLLTTVVKNIIPLIASHFIDHYLTNVNQTAVLIL
VGYYSMYVLQTLIQYFGNLFARVSYSIVRDIRRDAFANMERLGMSYFDRTPAGSIVSRITND
TEAISDMFSGILSSFISAI FIFTVTLYTMLMLDIKLTGLVALLLPVIFILNVYRKKSVTVIA
KTRSLSDINSKLSGSIEGIRIVQAFGQEERLKTEFEEINKEHVYANRSMALDSLFLRPAMS
LLKLLAYAVLMSYFGFTGVKGGTLAGLMYAFIQYVNRLFDPLIEVTQNFSTLQTSMVSAGRVE
DLIDETGFEP SQKNTEA

ID-5: 654- base pairs

Clone 7

(A)

ATGAAAAGAAAAGACTTATTTGGTGATAAACAACTCAATACACGATTAGAAAGTTAAGTGTT
GGAGTAGCTTCAGTTGCAACAGGGGTATGTATTTTCTTCATAGTCCACAGGTATTTGCTGAA
GAAGTAAGTGTTTCTCCTGCAACTACAGCGATTGCAAAGTCGAATATTAATCAGGTTGACAAC
CGGCAATCTACTAATTTAAAAGATGACATAAACTCAAACCTCTGAGACGGTTGTGACACCCTCA
GATATGCCGGATACCAAGCAATTAGTATCAGATGAACTGACACTCAAAAAGGAGTGACAGAG
CCGGATAAGGCGACAAGCCTGCTTGAAGAAAATAAAGGTCCTGTTTCAGATAAAAATACCTTA
GATTTAAAAGTGGCACCATCTACATTGCAAAATACTCCCGACAAAACCTTCTCAAGCTATAGGT
GCTCCAAGTCCGACCTTGAAAGTTGCTAATCAAGCTCCACAGATTGAAAATGGTTACTTTAGG
TTACATCTTAAAGAATTGCCTCAAGGTCATCCTGTAGAAAGCACTGGGCTTTGGATATGGGGA

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GATGTTGATCAACCGTCTAGTAATTGGCCAAATGGTGCTATCCCTATGACTAATGCTAAGAAA
GATGATTACGGTTATTATGCTTGA

(B)

MKRKDLFGDKQTQYTIRKLSVGVASVATGVCIFLHSPQVFAEEVSVSPATTATAKSNINQVDN
RQSTNLKDDINSNSETVVTTPSDMPDTKQLVSDETDTQKGVTEPDKATSLLEENKGPVSDKNTL
DLKVAPSTLQNTDPDKTSQAIGAPSPTLKVANQAPQIENGYFRLHLKELPQGHVESTGLWIWG
DVDQPSSNWPNGAIPMTNAKKDDYGYAZ

ID-7: 528- base pairs

Clone 15

(A)

TTGTTCAATAAAATAGTTTTAGAACTTGGAAATCAGGAAAGCTTTTGGCTTTATATGGGAGTG
CTAGGATCAACTATTATTTTAGGATCAAGTCCTGTATCTGCTATGGATAGTGTTGGAAATCAA
AGTCAAGGTAATGTTTTAGAGCGTCGCCAACGTGATGCGGAAAACAAAAGTCAGGGTAATGTT
TTAGAGCGTCGCCAACGTGATGCGGAAAACAAGAGCCAAGGCAATGTTTTAGAGCGTCGTCAA
CGCGATGTTGAGAATAAGAGCCAAGGCAATGTTTTAGAGCGTCGTCAACGTGATGCGGAAAAC
AAAAGTCAGGGCAATGTTCTAGAGCGCCGCCAACGTGATGCGGATAACAAGAGCCAAGTAGGT
CAACTTATAGGGAAAAATCCACTTTTTTCAAAGCCAAGTGTATCTAGAGAAAATAATCACTCT
AGTCAAGGTGACTCTAACAACAGTCATTCTCTAAAAAAGTATCTCAGGTTACTAATGTAGCT
AATAGACCGATGTTAATCCAT

(B)

MFNKIVLELGNQESFWLYMGVLGSTIILGSSPVSAMDSVGNQSQGNVLERRQRDAENKSQGNV
LERRQRDAENKSQGNVLERRQRDVENKSQGNVLERRQRDAENKSQGNVLERRQRDADNKSQVG
QLIGKNPLFSKPTVSRENNHSSQGDSNKQSFSKKVSQVTNVANRPMLIH

ID-11: 942 base pairs

Clone 23

(A)

ATGACTTATCAAAAAACAGTTGTTTTGGCTGGTGATTATTCCTACATTAGACAAATTGAAACC
ACATTAAAATCTCTCTGTGTCTATCATGAGAATCTCTCAATTTTTATTTTAAATCAAGATATT
CCTCAAGAATGGTTTTTAGCTATGAAAGATAGGGTTGGACAACTGGAAATCAAATTCAGGAT
GTAAAGCTCTTCCATGATCACTTATCCCCAAAATGGGAAAATAAAAAGCTTAATCATATTAAT
TATATGACCTATGCTCGTTATTTTCATACCTCAGTACATCTCAGCTGATACAGTTTTATATCTT
GACTCTGACTTAGTTGTTACTACTAATTTAGATAACCTCTTTCAAATTTCACTAGACAATGCA
TATTTAGCTGCAGTTCAGCTCTTTTTGGGCTTGGATATGGGTTTAATGCTGGAGTAATGGTA
ATTAACAACCAACGTTGGCGACAAGAAAATATGACTATTAAATTAATTGAAAAAATCAAAAG
GAAATTGAGAATGCCAACGAAGGGGATCAAACAATCTTAATCGCATGTTTGAAAATCAGGTA
ATTTATTTAGATGATACCTACAATTTTCAAATTGGTTTTGATATGGGAGCTGCTATCGATGGG
CATAAATTTATTTTTGACATCCCAATTACCCCACTCCCAAAAATTATTTCACTACATTTTCGGGA
ATCAAACCTTGGCAAACATTATCAAATATGAGACTCCGTGAGGTATGGTGGCACTATAATTTA
CTTGAATGGTCAAGTATCATATCTAGTAAAAAAGTATTTGGTTTAGACCACCCAATTAAACA

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CAAAATTATCGTCTCAATTTCTTATTGCTACAACCTTCTGATTGTATACCATCTATCTCAGAA
TTAGTCACTGCCCTTCCAGATTGTCTATTTACATTGCATGCACCAACAGTTATGTCTGA

(B)

MTYQKTVVLAGDYSYIRQIETTLKSLCVYHENLSIFIFNQDIPQEWFLAMKDRVGQTGNQIQD
VKLFHDHLSPKWENKKLNHINYMTYARYFIPQYISADTVLYLDSDLVVTNLDNLFQISLDNA
YLAAPALFGLGYGFNAGVMVINNRWRQENMTIKLIEKNQKEIENANEGDQITLNRMFENQV
IYLD DTYNFQIGFDMGAAIDGHKFIFDIPITPLPKIIHYISGIKPWQTLNMRRLREVWWHYNL
LEWSSIISKKVFLGDHPKIQNYRLNFLIATTSDCIPSISELVTALPDCLFHIAC TNSYVZ

ID-12: 1146 base pairs

Clone 27

(A)

GTGAAGAAAACATATTGTTATATCGGCTCAGTTGCTGCTATTTTACTAGCTACTCATATTGGA
AGTTACCAGCTTGGTAAGCATCATATGGGTCTAGCAACAAAGGACAATCAGATTGCCTATATT
GATGATAGCAAAGGTAAGGTAAAAGCCCCCTAAAACAAACAAAACGATGGATCAAATCAGTGCT
GAAGAAGGCATCTCTGCTGAACAGATCGTAGTCAA AATTACTGACCAAGGTTATGTTACCTCA
CACGGTGACCATTATCATTTTTTACAATGGGAAAGTTCCTTATGATGCGATTATTAGTGAAGAG
TTGTTGATGACGGATCCTAATTACCATTTTAAACAATCAGACGTTATCAATGAAATCTTAGAC
GGTTACGTTATTAAAGTCAATGGCAACTATTATGTTTACCTCAAGCCAGGTAGTAAGCGCAAA
AACATTCGAACCAAACAACAAATTGCTGAGCAAGTAGCCAAAGGAACTAAAGAAGCTAAAGAA
AAAGGTTTtagctcaagtgGCCCATCTCAGTAAAGAAGAAGTTGCGGCAGTCAATGAAGCAAAA
AGACAAGGACGCTATACTACAGACGATGGCTATATTTTTTAGTCCGACAGATATCATTGATGAT
TTAGGAGATGCTTATTTAGTACCTCATGGTAATCACTATCATTATATTCCTAAAAAAGATTTG
TCTCCAAGTGAGCTAGCTGCTGCACAAGCCTACTGGAGTCAAAAACAAGGTCGAGGTGCTAGA
CCGTCTGATTACCGCCCGACACCAGCCCCAGGTCGTAGGAAAGCCCCACTTCCTGATGTGACG
CCTAACCCTGGACAAGGTCATCAGCCAGATAACGGTGGTTATCATCCAGCGCCTCCTAGGCCA
AATGATGCGTCACAAAACAAACACCAAAGAGATGAGTTTAAAGGAAAAACCTTTAAGGAACTT
TTAGATCAACTACACCGTCTTGATTTGAAATACCGTCATGTGGAAGAAGATGGGTTGATTTTT
GAACCGACTCAAGTGATCAAATCAAACGCTTTTGGGTATGTGGTGCCTCATGGAGATCATTAT
CATATTATCCCAAGAAGTCAGTTATCACCTCTTGAAATGGAATTAGCAGATCGATACTTAACC
CGGCCAAACTGA

(B)

MKKTYCYIGSVAAILLATHIGSYQLGKHHMGLATKDNQIAYIDDSKGVKAPKTNKTM DQISA
EEGISAEQIVVKITDQGYVTSHGDHYHFYNGKVPYDAIISEELLMTDPNYHFKQSDVINEILD
GYVIKVN GNYYVYLKPGSKRKNIRTKQQIAEQVAKGTKEAKEKGLAQVAHLSKEEVA AVNEAK
RQGRYTTDDGYIFSPTDIIDDLGDAYLVPHGNHYHYIPKKDLSPSELAAAQAYWSQKQGRGAR
PSDYRPTPAPGRRKAPLPDVTNPNGQGHQPDNGGYHPAPPRPNDASQNKHORDEFK GKTFKEL
LDQLHRLDLKYRHVEEDGLIFEPTQVIKSNAFGYVVP HGDHYHII PRSQLSPLEMELADRYLT
RPNZ

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ID-18: 414 base pairs

Clone 47

(A)

ATGATACTTGGAGGCTGTCAAATGAATAGTGAACCTAAAAGTCAGTCAAACGAAGTAAAAAAT
AGCAAGCAATCAGAAGTGAAGAAAGATAAAAAAATGACAAAAAAGAACAATTAGCCTATCTC
AAAGAGCATGAGCAAGAAATCATAGATTATGTAAAATTACATAACAACCAAATTGAGTCCGTT
CAATTTCGATTGGTCAAGTGTAAAAGTAGAACAAAGCGGGAATGGAACTCCACAAGGGGGTGAT
TATAATCTTTCCTGAGAGGAAAGTTTAATCATCTACAAAATTCAAAATTAATAGTTGATTTT
TATTTAGCTCATAAAAATGATATCCCAAATATCAAATCAATGGGAATGCTAAATAAGCCATAT
ATACATAAAAATGGTATTTGGCACATTTATGAATAG

(B)

MILGGCQMNSEPKSQSNEVKNSKQSEVKKDKKMTKKEQLAYLKEHEQEIIDYVKLHNNQIESV
QFDWSSVKVEQSGNGTPQGGDYNLSLRGKFNHLQNSKLIVDFYLAHKNDIPNIKSMGMLNKP
Y IHKNGIWHIYEZ

ID-22: 477 base pairs

Clone 1

(A)

ATGGTAAAAGTTTCAAATTTAGGGTATCCACGTCTTGGTGAACAGCGCGAATGGAAGCAAGCG
ATCGAAGCTTTCTGGGCAGGGAATCTTGAACAAAAAGATTTAGAAAAACAATAAAACAATTA
CGTATCAATCATTTAAAGAAACAAAAAGAGGCAGGTATTGACCTTATTCCAGTGGGGGATTTT
TCTTGTTATGATCATGTTTTGGATTTGTCATTTCAATTCAATGTAATCCCAAAGCGTTTCGAT
GAGTATGAGAGGAATTTAGACCTTTATTTTGCTATTGCAAGAGGTGACAAAGATAATGTCGCA
TCATCTATGAAAAAGTGGTTTAATACCAACTACCACTACATAGTCCCAGAATGGGAGGTTGAG
ACTAAACCTCACTTGCAGAATAATTACTTACTTGATCTTTATCTAGAAGCTAGGGAAGTAGTT
GGTGATAAAGCAAAGCCGGTTATC

(B)

MEEIMVKVSNLGYPRLGEOREWKAIEAFWAGNLEQKDLEKQLKQLRINHLKKQKEAGIDLIP
VGDFSCYDHLVLDLSFQFNVIPKRFDEYERNLDLYFAIARGDKDNVASSMKKWENTNYHYIVPE
WEVETKPHLQNNYLLDLYLEAREVVGDKAKPVI

ID-23: 124 base pairs

Clone 2

(A)

ATGGTGTTACTTTTATTGCTAATGGTAGCCAAGTCAAGTTTGATGGTTACATGGCTGTTTATA
ACGATACTGACAAAAATAAAATGTTACCAGATATGGAGGAAGGAGAAAGTTATCAAGTTAA

(B)

MVLLLLLMVAKSSLMVTWLFITILTKIKCYQIWRKEKVIKL

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ID-24: 158 base pairs

Clone 14

(A)

ATGAACAAAAAATTTCCGGGATCGGCTTGGCTTCGATTGCAGTACTTAGTTTAGCTGCATGT
GGACATCGTGGTGCTTCTAAATCTGGTGGTAAATCAGATAGCTTGAAGGTTGCAATGGTAACA
GATACCGGTGGTGTTGATGATAAATCATTTAA

(B)

MNKKISGIGLASIAVLSLAACGHRGASKSGGKSDSLKVAMVTDGTVDDKSF

ID-25: 240 base pairs

Clone 20

(A)

GTGAGTTTTTATATGTTACATTCTAAAAAATACATTCCTTATCGCTTATTGCCGTTCTCTCT
TTAGCAACATATACGAGTTTACAACCAAATCATGTAGCGGCTGAACAATCACAAAAACATCA
ACTGTTTCATATGAGTCAAAAACTATTGAACATAAGTTAAAAGTTGCAGATAAAGAAGCTGCT
CCTCTCTACGCTAAATCGACCATATCCAACGACATATTGAAGTCAAAAAAGCAAGAGATTTA
A

(B)

MSFYMLHSSKKIHSLSLIAVLSLATYTSLOPNHVAAEQSQKTSTVHMSQKTIEHKLKVADKEAA
PLYAKIDHIQRHIEVKKARDL

ID-26: 465 base pairs

Clone 25

(A)

CTGAATTCCTCAAAAACGCTACAATCAAACCTTGGTATCCTACTTATGGTTTTTCTGATACTTAT
GCATTCATGGTTACTAAAGAGTTTGCCAGACAGAATAAAATCACCAAGATCTCTGATCTCAAA
AAGTTATCAACAACATATGAAGGCAGGGGTTGATAGTTCATGGATGAATCGCGAGGGAGATGGA
TACACTGATTTTCGCTAAAACATACGGTTTTTGAATTTTCACATATTTACCCTATGCAAATTGGC
TTAGTCTATGATGCGGTTGAAAGTAACAAAATGCAATCTGTATTAGGCTACTCCACTGACGGT
CGTATTTTCGAGCTATGATTTAGAAATTTTAAGGGATGATAAAAAATTCTTTCCTCCTTATGAA
GCCTCTATGGTTGTCAACAATTCTATCATCAAAAAAGATCCTAAACTAAAAAAATTACTCCAT
CGACTCGATGGTAAAATCAATTTA

(B)

MNSQKRYNQTYPTYGFSDTYAFMVTKEFARQNKITKISDLKKLSTTMKAGVDSSWMNREGDG
YTDFAKTYGFEFSHIYPMQIGLVYDAVESNKMQSVLGYSTDGRISSYDLEILRDDKKFFPPYE
ASMVVNNSIIKKDPKLLKLLHRLDGKINL

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ID-28: 125 base pairs

Clone 34

(A)

ATGACAAAAAACTTATTATTGCTATATTAGCACTATGCACTATCTTAACCACTTCTCAAGCT
GTTTTAGCTAAAGAAAAATCACAACTGTTACCATAAAAAACAACCTATTCGGTCTATATTAA

(B)

MTKKLIILAILALCTILTTSQAVLAKEKSQTVTIKNNYSVYI

ID-29: 188 base pairs

Clone 37

(A)

ATGAAAAAATTACTTTCCTAACATGTCTAATCATGATGTCTTTATGTTTAGTGGCATGTACT
AAGCAAGCAATGTCGTCTAAGCAAGCAATGTCGTCTAAGCAAATTAAAGATAAGAATAGTAAA
GAAAAGGTGATTACTGTTGCAACTTACAGCAAACCTACATCTACCTTTTTAGATTTGATTAA

(B)

MKKLLSLTCLIMMSLCLVACTKQAMSSKQAMSSKQIKDKNSKEKVITVATYSKPTSTFLDLI

ID-30: 711 base pairs

Clone 38

(A)

CTGTTGGCTAAGGAAACCACTATGTCTGTCCTTTGGTATCAAAATTCTGCAGAAGCCAAGGCT
TTATATTTTACAAGGTTATAATGTTGCTAAAATGAAGTTAGATGATTGGTTACAAAAGCCCAGT
GAAAAACCATATTCAATTATCTTAGATTTAGATGAAACAGTTTTAGATAATAGCCCATATCAA
GCAAAGAATATTAAAGATGGCTCTAGTTTCACGCCAGAGAGTTGGGATAAATGGGTGCAAAAG
AAATCAGCTAAGGCTGTTGCGGGTGCCAAAGAATTTTTGAAGTATGCTAATGAAAAGGGAATA
AAAATTTATTATGTCTCAGATCGTACAGATGCTCAAGTTGATGCGACTAAAGAAAATTTAGAG
AAGGAAGGTATACCTGTTCAAGGGAAAGACCACTTGCTTTTCCTTAAAAAAGGAATGAAATCT
AAAGAGAGTCGCCGTCAGGCAGTTCAAAAAGATACCAATTTAATTATGCTTTTTTGGAGATAAT
TTAGTTGATTTTGCTGATTTTTCTAAATCATCTAGTACAGATAGAGAACAACCTACTAACTAAA
CTTCAAAGTGAGTTTGGTAGTAAATTTATTGTTTTCCCAAATCCTATGTACGGTTCTTGGGAA
AGTGCTATTTATCAAGGAAAACATCTGGATGTTCAAAAACAATTGAAAGAACGACAAAAAATG
TTGCATTCGTATGATTAA

(B)

MLAKETTMSVLWYQNSAEAKALYLQGYNVAKMKLDDWLQKPSEKPYSIILDLDETVLDNSPYQ
AKNIKDGSSFTPESWDKWVQKSAKAVAGAKEFLKYANEKGIKIYYVSDRTDAQVDATKENLE
KEGIPVQGKDHLFLKKGMKSKESSRRQAVQKDTNLI MLFGDNLVDFADFSKSSSTDREQLLTK
LQSEFGSKFIVFPNPMYGSWESAIYQGKHLDVQKQLKERQKMLHSYDZ

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ID-31: 128 base pairs

Clone 41

(A)

ATGGATAATAAAGGTAATAACGCCAATGTGATTGATGCAATCGCTGAGGGTGCAAGCACAGGT
GCACAAATGGCTTTTCTCAATTGGTGCTAGTTTGATTGCCTTTGTTGGTTTAGTTTCTTTGATT
AA

(B)

MDNKGNNANVIDAIAEGASTGAQMAFSIGASLIAFVGLVSLI

ID-32: 116 base pairs

Clone 42

(A)

ATGAAAAAGAAAAACAAATCCTCTAACATTGCTATAATTGCAATCTTTTTTGCTATTATGCTT
GTCATTCATTTTTTGTTCATCATTTATTTTAGTTTTTGGTTAGTCCCTATTAA

(B)

MKKKNKSSNIAIIAIFFAIMLVIHFLSSFIFSFVLVPI

ID-33: 251 base pairs

Clone 43

(A)

TTGAATATGACATTACAAGACGAAATCAAAAAACGCCGTACTTTTGCCATCATCTCTCACCCG
GATGCTGGTAAGACGACTATTACTGAGCAATTATTATATTTTGGTGGTGAAATTAGAGAAGCA
GGGACAGTAAAAGGGGAAAAAATCAGGTACTTTTGCAAAGTCCGACTGGATGGATATTGAAAAG
CAACGGGGTATCTCTGTTACTTCATCTGTTATGCAATTTGATTACGCGGGTAAACGTGTTAA

(B)

MNMTLQDEIKKRRTFAIISHPDAGKTTITEQLLYFGGEIREAGTVKGKSGTFAKSDWMDIEK
QRGISVTSSVMQFDYAGKRV

ID-34: 296 base pairs

Clone 44

(A)

ATGGCAGATAAAAAACAGAACATTTAACTTGTAGGTGCAGGATCTTCTAGCACACAAGAAAAA
ATTGAAAAGCCTGCTCTTTTCGTTTATGCAAGATGCGTGGCGTCGCTTGAAAAAAAACAAATTA
GCAGTAGTTTCACTCTATTTATTAGCTCTTTTACTTACTTTTTTCGTTAGCCTCAAATTTATTT
GTAATCAGAAGGATGCTAATGGGTTTGATTGCAAAAAAGTAACGACATATCGCAACTTACCA
CCTAAATTGAGTTCAAACCTTCCTTTTTTGAATGGTAGCATTA

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(B)

MADKNRTFKLVGAGSSSTQEKIEKPALSFMDAWRRLKKNKLAVVSLYLLALLLTFSLASNLF
VTQKDANGFDSKKVTTYRNLPKLSNLPFWNGSI

ID-35: 154 base pairs

Clone 46

(A)

ATGAAAAGAAAACAGTTTATAAAATTAGGAATTGCAACCTTACTAACGGTTATTTTCGCTTTAC
ACACCAATAAACCTAGCTACAAATCATACCACAGAAAATATTGTTACTGCTCAAGAGTATAAA
ACAAAGAGAATGGTACTTTACCTTTTAA

(B)

MKRKQFIKLG IATLLTVISLYTPINLATNHTTENIVTAQEYKTKENILFLL

ID-36: 143 base pairs

Clone 50

(A)

ATGTTTTATAATCCTTTACTTTTTATTGTACTAATTACAATTGCTGTATTTTTCTTAGCTAAG
AAAAAATGGCAATTACCGACATTTACTTTCATTGGTTTGCTATTTATCTATAACCAAGGGCTG
TGGAACAGTTGATTAAT

(B)

MFYNPLLFIVLITIAVFFFLAKKKWQLPTFTFIGLLFIYNQGLWEQLIN

ID-37: 338 base pairs

Clone 51/52

(A)

GTGGTGCAAATAATGAAAAACATATAAAAAGTATCATACCAATAGTTCTTATTGGTATGATA
CTAGGAGGCTGTCAAATGAATAGTGAACATAAAAGTCAGTATAATGAAACAAAAAGTAGCAAG
CAATCAGAAGTGAAGAAAGATAAAAAAATGACAAAAAAGAACAATTAGCTTATCTCAAAGAG
CATGAACAAGAAATAATTGATTTTGTAATCTCAGAATAAAAAGATAGAATCTGTACAAATT
GATTGGAATGATGTTTCGATGGAGTAAAGGGGGAAATGGTACACCTCAAGGAGGAGGAGAGGGG
ATTTTACTTTTTGGGGAGATTAA

(B)

MVQIMKKHIKSIPIVLIGMILGGCQMNSEHKSQYNETKSSKQSEVKKDKKMTKKEQLAYLKE
HEQEIIDFVKSQNKKIESVQIDWNDVRWSKGGNGTPQGGGEGILLFGEI

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ID-38: 374 base pairs

Clone 53

(A)

ATGGAATTTTTGGCTTATAATGCTTTCACAGCAATCGGTGTTTCTATTCCGCACGGTAATCAT
TTCCACTTTATTCACTATAAGGATATGTCTCCATTAGAGTTAGAAGCAACAAGGATGGTGGCA
GAGCATAGAGGACATCATATTGATGCATTAGGGAAAAAAGATTCTACAGAGAAACCAAAGCAT
ATTTCTCATGAACCTAATAAGGAACCTCACACAGAGGAAGAACACCATGCAGTAACACCGAAA
GACCAACGTAAAGGCAAACCAAATAGCCAGATTGTCTACAGTGCTCAAGAAATTGAAGAGGCA
AAAAAGCTGGTAAATACACAACATCTGATGGTTACATTTTTGATGCTAAAGATATTAA

(B)

MEFLAYNAFTAIGVSI PHGNHFHFIHYKDMSPLELEATRMVAEHRGHHIDALGKKDSTEKPKH
ISHEPNKEPHTEEEHHA VTPKDQRKGKPN SQIVYSAQEIEEAKKAGKYTTSDGYIFDAKDI

ID-39: 182 base pairs

Clone 56

(A)

ATGAGGAAACGTTTTTCCTTGCTAAATTTTATTGTTGTTACTTTTATTTTCTTTTTCTTTATT
CTTTTTCCGCTTTTTAAGGCCAAAGATTGTCAGGTTGTTTATGCAAGTTTTCAAGGAGATCAT
TGGGACATTTGTAACGCATTTGATTTTCCGTATTTACATCGCTTTGATCTCATTA

(B)

MRKRFSLLNFIVVTFIFFFFILEPLFKAKDCQVYASFQGDHWDICNAFDFPYLHRFDLI

ID-40: 948 base pairs

Clone 57

(A)

TTAAATGCTGTCCAATCTGGGCAAGCTGACGGTGTTATTGCAGGAGCCACAATCACAGAAGCA
CGCCAAAAAATCTTTGATTTTTCTGATCCTTATTACACATCTAGCGTTATCTTAGCGGTTAAA
AAAGGAAGCAATGTCAAATCATACCAAGATTTAAAAGGAAAAACAGTTGGTGCTAAAAATGGT
ACTGCCTCATATACTTGGTTATCAGACCACGCAGATAAGTACAACATCATGTAAAGCATTT
GATGAAGCATCTACAATGTATGATAGTATGAACTCAGGTTCAATTGATGCTCTAATGGATGAC
GAAGCCGTTCTTGCTTACGCTATTAATCAAGGTCGTAAATTTGAAACACCTATCAAAGGTGAA
AAATCAGGCGATATCGGATTTGCAGTGAAAAAAGGGGCAAATCCAGAATTAATTAATAATGTTT
AACACGGTCTTGCTTCACTCAAAAAATCGGGTGAGTACGATAAACTTGTTAAAAAATACCTT
TCCACAGCCAGCACTTCTTCAAACGATAAAGCTGCTAAACCTGTAGATGAATCAACTATTTTA
GGGTTAATTTCTAATAACTACAAACAATTGCTATCTGGTATTGGAATACTTTAAGTTTAACT
CTTATCTCGTTTGCGATTGCTATGGTTATTGGTATTATCTTTGGTATGATGAGCGTATCACCA
AGTAATACTCTCCGCACAATTTCAATGATTTTTGTTGATATTGTCCGTGGTATTCCACTCATG
ATTGTGGCCGCTTTTATTTTCTGGGGTATTCCTAATTTAATCGAAAGCATCACAGGTCACCAA
AGTCCAATTAATGACTTCGTTGCTGCTACTATCGCTCTTTCTTTAAATGGGTGGTGCCGTACA
TTGCTGAAATTGTACGTGGTGGTATTGAAGCTGTTCTTCTGGTCAAATGGAAGCAAGTCGCA
GCT

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(B)

LNAVQSGQADGVIAGATITEARQKIFDFS DPYYTSSVILAVKKGSNVKSYQDLKGKTVGAKNG
TASYTWLSDHADKYNHVKAFDEASTMYDSMNSGSIDALMDDEAVLAYAINQGRKFETPIKGE
KSGDIGFAVKKGANPELIKMFNNGLASLKKSGEYDKLVKKYLSTASTSSNDKAAKPVDESTIL
GLISNNYKQLLSGIGTTLSLTLISFAIAMVIGIIFGMMSVSPSNTLRTISMI FVDIVRGIPLM
IVAAFI FWGIPNLIESITGHQSPINDEFVAATIALSLNGWCRTL LKLYVVVLKLELLVKWKQVA
A

ID-41: 149 base pairs
Clone 58

(A)

TTGGAAGGTTTACTTATTGCATTGATTCCCATGTTTGCGTG GGGGAAGTATTGGATTTGTTAGT
AATAAAATTGGAGGGCGTCCAAATCAACAAACATTTGGAATGACTTTAGGAGCATTGCTATTT
GCGATTATCGTATGTTTATTTAA

(B)

MEGLLIALIPMFAWGSIGFVSNKIGGRPNQQTFGMTLGALLFAIIVCLF

ID-42: 963 base pairs
Clone 70

(A)

ATGAATACTATTTATAATACATTGAGAACAGATAAAGGTTATAAAGTTTATGAGGGGTATTTA
TATGAAATTACTGGTGAAGAATGTGAAGAAGCCTTAGACCTTGTGATTCCCTAAGAATATTGTA
TTTGCAGATACAGATACTTGTGGCTACACTTTTTTACTCAATGAAGATGGAACAGTTTATGAT
GATGTGACTTTCTACAAATTTGATGATAAATATTGGTTGGCTAGTCATAAAGCTTTGGATTCT
TATTTAGACAACATCAATTTTACTATACCGTAACAGATATTTCTGACGAGTATAAAATGCTG
CAAATTGAAGGAAGATATTCGGGAGAAATTGCTCAGTCATTTTATGAATATGATATTTCAACA
CTTAATTTTCGTACTCTTCGCATAGAGATGGACTTCATCAAAGGTGAGGAAAGGTTATCTTG
CGTAGATTTGGTTTTTCTGGAGAATTTGGCTATCAATTTTCTACCATCTTCTATTTTGGCT
ACTTTTGTTCGGATGTCTGTGAAGGTATAGCAGAGTGTGGGGATGAACTTGATAGATATTTA
AGGTTTGAAGTGGGACAACCCATTACTGATATTTATCAACAAGAAGAATATTCTTTATATGAA
ATAGGTTATTCTTGGAATCTAGATTTCAAAAGGAAGAATTTAGAGGTCGCGATAGCTTGTTA
GAGCACATCAGATCAGCAACAGTTAAAAGTGTTGGATTCTCAACGAAGGAAAACTCGCTTCA
GGAACACCAGTGCTATTTGATGACCAAATTGTTGGAAAGATTTTTTGGATAGCAGACGAGAAA
GACTCTTCGGAAAATTACCTAGGTTTGATGATTGTTAACCAAACATATGCTCATT CAGGAGTT
ACTTTTGTAAACAGAAGATGGCCAAATTTTGAAAACACAATCAAGCCCTTATTGTATCCAGAA
AGTTGGAACAAAGAATGA

(B)

MNTIYNTRLRTDKGYKVYEGYLYEITGEECEEALDLVIPKNIVFADTDTCGYTFLLNEDGTVYD
DVTFYKFDDKYWLASHKALDSYLDNINFDTYVTDISDEYKMLQIEGRYSGEIAQS FYEYDIST
LNFRTLRIEMDFIKGEERLSWRRFGFSGEFGYQFFLPSSIFATFVSDVCEGIAECGDELDRYL

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RFEVGQPITDIYQQEEYSLEYEIGYSWNLDFTKEEFRGRDLSLEHIRSATVKS VGFSTKEK LAS
GTPVLFD DQIVGKIFWIADEKDSS ENYLGLMIVNQTYAHSGVT FVTE D GQILKTQSSPYCIPE
SWNKEZ

ID-43: 331 base pairs

Clone 78

(A)

ATGGAGTTAGTAATTAGAGATATTCGTAAGCGGTTTCAGGAAACAGAGGTCTTGAGAGGAGCA
AGTTACCGATTTTATTTCAGGTAAAATAACAGGGGTCTTAGGTAGGAATGGTGCTGGGAAAACA
ACTTTATTTATAACTGGTGAGACTGGTGCAGGGAAATCTATCATTATTGATGCTATGAATATG
ATGTTAGGAGCCCGTGCTAGTGTGAAAGTGAATTCGCCATGGTGCTAACAAAGCAGAAATTGAA
GGATTTTCTCTATTGAAAAAATCAATCATTAGTCCAATTATTGGAAGAAAATGGCATTGAA
TTAGCAGATGAATTAA

(B)

MELVIRDIRKRFOETEVLRGASYRFYSGKITGVLGRNGAGKTTLFITGETGAGKSIIIDAMNM
MLGARASVEVIRHGANKAEIEGFFSIEKNQSLVQLLEENGIELADEL

ID-44: 755 base pairs

Clone 80

(A)

ATGAGATATACAAATGGAAATTTTGAAGCCTTTGCAAGACCTCGAAAACCTGAAGGTGTGGAT
AAAAAATCCGCTTTTATTGTTGGTTCTGGTTTAGCAGGATTAGCTGCCGCTGTCTTTTAAATA
CGTGACGGTCAAATGGATGGTCAACGTATTTCATATTTTGAAGAACTACCTCTTTCTGGAGGA
TCACTTGACGGTGTCCAACGACCTGGATATCGGTTGGTAACGCGTGGTGGTCGTGAAATGGA
AAATCACTTCGAATGTATGTGGGATATGTACCGTTCCATCCCCTCTCTCGAAGTTCCAGATGC
TTCTTATCTAGATGAATTTTATTGGCTTGACAAGGATGATCCCAATTCATCTAACTGTCGCCT
CATTATATAACAGGGGAATCGCTTAGAATCTGATGGTGATTTTACACTCGGAACACATTCCAA
AGAGTTAGTTAAGCTAGTCATGGAGACTGAAGAGTCTTTAGGTGCTAAGACGATTGAAGAAGT
TTTTTCAAAGAATTTTTTGAAGTAATTTTGGACTTATTGGGCTACTATGTTTGCCTTTGA
GAAATGGCATTTCAGCGATTGAAATGCGTCGATATGCTATGCGCTTTATCCATCATATTTGGTG
GTCTGCCTGATTTCACTTCATTAAAATTTAATAAATATAATCAATATGATTCTATGGTGAAAC
CAATCATCAGTTATTTAGAGTCTCACAATGTAAATGTTCAATTTGATAGCAAGGTAACATAAT

(B)

MRYTNGNFEAFARPRKPEGVDKKS FIVGSGLAGLAAVFLIRDGQMDGQRIHIFEELPLSGG
SLDGVQRP GYRFGNAWWSZNGKSLRMYVGYVPFHPLSRSSRCFLSRZILLAZQGZSQFIZLSP
HSZTGESLRIZWZFYTRNTFQRV SZASHGDZRVFRCDZDRSFFKRIFZKZFLDLLGYVCLZ
EMAFSDZNASICYALYPSYLVCLISLHZNLINIINMILWZNQSSVIZSLTMZMFNLIARZL

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ID-45: 426 base pairs

Clone 81

(A)

TTGTTGGCTTCTTTATTTATCGTCCGTTTGTCAAATCGCTTTCGCTAAGGAGGAGCAATATG
AAAAAATTACTTAGATGGCTTCCTCCTGTACTTTTCATTATTATCCTTATAGGAATGACTATC
TTAGGTAAGTCCTATATCAATAAAGTAACAGCTCACAAAATAAACTCTATAACTCTCGAATG
ACTCCTACTATTTTAATTCCAGGATCCAGTGCTACTCAAGAACGATTTAACAGCATGTTAGCA
CAGCTCAACCAAATGGGAGAAAAACATAGCGTTTTAAAGTTAACTGTCAAAAAAGACAATAGC
ATTATCTACAATGGACAAATTAGCGGCAATGGCCACAAACCCTACCTTGGCATTGGATTGGA
AATTATGGAGATGGTATTAGAACCATCAAAAACCAACCAAATGGCTAC

(B)

MLASLFIVRLSKSLSLRRSNMKLLRWLPPVLFIIILIGMTILGKSYINKVTAHKIKLYNSRM
TPTILIPGSSATQERFNSMLAQLNQMGKHSVLKLTVKKDNSIIYNGQISGNGHKPYLGIGFG
NYGDGIRTIKNQPNGY

ID-46: 401 base pairs

Clone 83

(A)

TTGAAATTAGGTATTACAACATTCGGAGAGACAACAATCCTTGAAGAAACAAACCAAAGCTAT
TCACATCCTGAGAGGATTCGCCAATTAGTTGCTGAGATTGAACTAGCTGATCAAGTTGGTTTA
GATGTATATGGTATTGGAGAGCACCATCGTGAAGATTTTGCGGTCTCTGCACCCGAAATTATC
CTAGCAGCAGGAGCGGTTAGAACTAATAATATCCGTTTATCTAGTGCAGTAACGATTCTCTCT
TCCAATGATCCTATTCGCGTCTATCAGCAATTTTCAACGATTGACGCACTTTCAAATGGTAGA
GCAGAAATTATGGCAGGGCGTGGTTCCTTTATTGAGTCTTTTCCATTGTTTGGATACGATTTA
GCGGATTATGATGATTTATTTAA

(B)

MKLGITTFGETTILEETNQSYSHPERIRQLVAEIELADQVGLDVYGIGEHHRDFAVSAPEII
LAAGAVRTNNIRLSSAVTILSSNDPIRVYQQFSTIDALSNGRAEIMAGRGSFIESFPLEGYDL
ADYDDL

ID-47: 130 base pairs

Clone 86

(A)

ATGATAGAGTGGATTCAAACACATTTACCAAATGTATATCAAATGGGTGGGAAGGTGCTTAC
GGCTGGCAGACAGCTATTGTACAAACCCTTTATATGACTTTTTGGTCGTTCCCTTATTGGAGGT
TTAA

(B)

MIEWIQTHLPNVYQMGWEGAYGWQTAIVQTLYMTFWSFLIGGL

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ID-49: 115 base pairs

Clone 96

(A)

TTGGCAGTTAGTTTTTCATGAAGTATTTGGTTGGGATTCTGCTTTTTTTTATTATGATTATCAAT
ATTCCATTGCTCCTTCTTTGCTACTTTGGCTTAGGTAAACAAACCTTTTTTAA

(B)

MAVSFHEVFGWDSAFFIMIINIPLLLLCYFGLGKQTFI

ID-50: 154 base pairs

Clone 99

(A)

ATGAAAGAAAAACAGTCGAAAAGGCTTATTTATATACTACTGATTGTTCCCATTATCTTTATA
AGTGTTTTTTACATACAGTATTAGCCAGCCTTCTAAACTACTTCCACCAAAGAATTAGTTATT
CTAAGTCCAAATAGTCAAGCCATTTTAA

(B)

MKEKQSKRLIYILLIVPIIFISVFTYSISQPSKLLPPKELVILSPNSQAIL

ID-51: 368 base pairs

Clone 103

(A)

CCTCCTATCAAATGATGACAAACGTGAGAGGTACATGGAACAAATGCTCTTTAAAATTGAAAA
TGCAACCTGGCAGCGTGTGGTAAGAGCACTTTATCGTAAATACAATAAGGAATTTTTTACATA
TCCAGCCGCCAAAACAAACCACCGCTTTTGAATCAGGATTGGCATATCACACGGCAACAAT
GGTTCGTTTGGCAGATAGTATCGGAGATATCTATCCAGAACTTAATAAAAGTTTGATGTTTGC
TGGTATTATGCTACATGATTTAGCCAAGGTCATAGAGTTATCGGGTCCTGATAATACAGAATA
TACTATTCGAGGTAATCTTATCGGTCATATTTCACTTATTGATGAGGAATTAA

(B)

LLSNDDKRERYMEQMLFKIENATWQRVVRALYRKYNKEFFTYPAAKTNHHAFESGLAYHTATM
VRLADSIGDIYPELNKSLMFAGIMLHDLAKVIELSGPDNTEYTIRGNLIGHISLIDEEL

ID-52: 436 base pairs

Clone 104

(A)

GTGGTGCCTGTTGAAAATATTTATTTGGATAAACGTATTACGAAGCAAGCTACTCAGTTTTTA
GAGGCTGCTAGAGCAATTGATTCACGAGAACATTTAATTTTCGGGTATCGTAGTGTTGCCTAT
CAGGAGAAGTTGTTCAATTCTTATGTTACTCAAGAGATGACTAGTAACCCTAATTTGACGAGG
GGACAAGCAGAAAAGTTGGTAAAACTTACTCTCAGCCTGCAGGTGCTAGTGAACACCAGACT
GGATTAGCGATGGATATGAGTACTGTAGATTCTTTGAATGAGAGCGATCCTAGAGTAGTCAGT

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CAGTTGAAAAAGATAGCTCCACAATATGGTTTTGTCTTACGGTTTCCGGATGGTAAACAGCA
GAAACAGGGGTAGGTTATGAAGATTGGCATTACCGCTATGTTGGGGTAGAGTCTGCAAAATAT
ATGGTCAAACATCATTTAA

(B)

MDKRITKQATQFLEAARAIDSREHLISGYRSVAYQEKLFSYVTQEMTSNPNLTRGQAEKLVK
TYSQPAGASEHQTGLAMDMSTVDSLNESDPRVVSQKKIAPQYGFVLRFPDGKTAETGVGYED
WHYRYVGVESAKYMKVHHL

ID-53: 190 base pairs

Clone 106

(A)

CTGTTATGTGGATTTCTTCCATCAATTCCTGTGTCTAATTCGGGGGGGTATGGTATAATAACA
GTTATGAAAAATAAAAAATCTTATTTGGGACTGGCCTTGCTGGTGTGGGTTTACTGGCAGCT
GCTGGTTATACCCTAACTAAAAAGTAACAGATTATAAACGTCAGCAAATCACTCAGACCTTA
A

(B)

MLCGFLPSIPVSNSGGYGIITVMKNKKILFGTGLAGVGLLAAAGYTLTKKVTDYKRQQITQTL

ID-54: 310 base pairs

Clone 108

(A)

ATGTATCAAACCTCAGACAAATAAGGAAAAATTTGTTTTATTTTTGAAATTATTTATCCAGTA
TTGATTTATCAATTTGCTAATTTTTTCAGCTACTTTTTATTGATTCGGTTATGACTGGACAGTAT
AGTCAGCTACATTTGGCAGGTGTGTCAACTGCTAGTAATTTATGGACTCCGTTTTTCGCTTTA
TTAGTAGGTATGATTTTCAGCATTAGTACCAGTAGTTGGTCAACATTTGGGTAGAGGAAATAAA
GAACAAATTCGCACAGAATTTTCATCAATTTCTATATTTAGGTTTGATACTGTCCTTAA

(B)

MYQTQTNKEKFVLFKLFIPLVLIYQFANFSATFIDSVMTGQYSQLHLAGVSTASNLWTPFFAL
LVGMISALVPVVGQHLGRGNKEQIRTEFHQFLYLGLILSL

ID-55: 155 base pairs

Clone 112

(A)

CTGCTCTTTTTAGCTAACTTTTTCTAATTTATGGTATAATTGTATGGATTGTTTAGCTAGAATG
GAGAAGATGATGCAAGATGTTTTTATTATAGGAAGTAGAGGGTTGCCAGCTCGTTACGGTGGT
TTTGAAACTTTTGTTCAGAATTGATTAA

(B)

MLFLANFSNLWYNCDCLARMEKMMQDVFIIGSRGLPARYGGFETFVSELI

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ID-56: 100 base pairs

Clone 120

(A)

TTGAGGAGTAATATGGTAAAGACAGCAGTTTTAATGGCGACATACAATGGCGAAAAATTTATA
TCTGAACAACCTTGATTCAATTCGCCAACAGACATTAA

(B)

MRSNMVKTAVLMATYNGEKFISEQLDSIRQOTL

ID-57: 77 base pairs

Clone 123

(A)

GTGATTATGGATAAGTCTATTTCCTAAAGCAACTGCTAAACGTTTATCACTGTACTACCGTATT
TTTAAACGTTTTAA

(B)

MIMDKSIPKATAKRLSLYYRIFKRF

ID-58: 476 base pairs

Clone 125

(A)

ATGGGTGCTAAAGGAGCAGATGTCATTCTCGTTTTATCACACTCTGGCATTGGAGATGATCGA
TATGAAGAAGGTGAAGAAAACGTTGGCTATCAAATTGCCAGCATCAAGGGAGTGGATGCCGTT
GTTACGGGACACTCACACGCTGAATTTCCATCAGGTAACGGTACTGGCTTCTATGAAAAATAC
ACTGGAGTTGATGGTATCAATGGAAAAATAAATGGAACACCTGTTACAATGGCAGGCAAGTAC
GGGGATCACCTTGGTATTATTGATTTAGGACTTAGTTATACTAATGGAAAATGGCAAGTCTCC
GAAAGCAGTGCTAAAATCCGTAAAATTGATATGAACTCAACAACCTGCTGACGAGCGTATCATT
GCATTGGCTAAGGAAGCACACGATGGCACTATCAACTATGTTTCGCCAACAAGTAGGTACAACA
ACTGCGCCAATTACAAGTTACTTTGCACTAGTTAA

(B)

MGAKGADVILVLSHSGIGDDRYEEGEENVGYQIASIKGVDAVVTGHSHAEFPPSGNGTGFEKY
TGVDGINGKINGTPVTMAGKYGDHLGIIDLGLSYTNGKWQVSESSAKIRKIDMNSTTADERII
ALAKEAHDGTINYVRQOVGTTTAPITSYFALV

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ID-59: 170 base pairs

Clone 135

(A)

TTGTCAATAAGGTTTCAAATCAGCTTGAAATATGATAAAATAAAACAGATTGTAAGTGACTGT
TTAAGCTTGTTTTTCAGAGAGGTTTTTATGAATACAAACACAATAAAAAAGGTTGTAGCGACT
GGAATTGGAGCTGCACTTTTTATCATTATAGGTATGCTAGTTAA

(B)

MSIRFQISLKYDKIKQIVSDCLSLFFREVMNTNTIKKV VATGIGAALFIIIGMLV

ID-60: 242 base pairs

Clone 145

(A)

ATGAAACATTTAAAATTTCAATCGGTCTTCGACATTATTGGTCCTGTTATGATTGGACCATCA
AGTAGTCATACTGCAGGAGCTGTCCGCATTGGTAAAGTTGTCCATTCTATTTTTGGTGAACCT
AGTGAAGTAACCTTTCATTTATACAATTCTTTTGCTAAACTTACCAAGGACACGGTACTGAT
AAAGCATTGGTTGCAGGGATTCTAGGAATGGATACAGATAATCCAGATATTAA

(B)

MKHLKFQSVFDIIGPVMIGPSSSHTAGAVRIGKVVHSIFGEPSEVTFHLYNSFAKTYQGHGTD
KALVAGILGMDTDNPDI

ID-61: 122 base pairs

Clone 147

(A)

GTGTCAGAAGGTGTTTTAATGTTTCTAAAAGAAGATGACGTAGAGACTTTTCTTCATATCCTG
ACAAATTCATTTAGCCAATTTATGGCACAATTTGATTTGTGTCATAAGGAAATGATTAA

(B)

MSEGVLMFLKEDDVETFLHILTNSFSQFMAQFDLCHKEMI

ID-62: 83 base pairs

Clone 150

(A)

ATGACCTACAAAGATTACACAGGTTTAGATCGGACTGAACTTTTGAGTAAAGTGCATATG
ATGTCCGACAAACGTTTTAA

(B)

MTYKDYTGldrTELLSKVRHMMSDKRF

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ID-63: 94 base pairs

Clone S2

(A)

CTGAGTTGGGTCTTGGAAACGGTCCTGTCAATCATACTAGCTATCAAGGAGACTAAAATGTAT
TTAGAACAACATAAAAGAGGTAAATCCTTTAA

(B)

MSWVLETVLSIILAIKETKMYLEQLKEVNPL

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FIGURE 3

nucS1

Bgl II Eco RV

5'- cgagatctgatatccacaaacagataacggcgtaaatag -3'

nucS2

Bgl II Sma I

5'- gaagatcttccccgggatcacaaacagataacggcgtaaatag -3'

nucS3

Bgl II Eco RV

5'- cgagatctgatatccatcacaaacagataacggcgtaaatag -3'

nucR

Bam HI

5'- cgggatccttatggacctgaatcagcgttgc -3'

NucSeq

5'- ggatgctttgttcaggtgtatc -3'

pTREPF

5'- catgatatcggtacctcaagctcatatcattgtccggcaatgggtgtgggctttttgttttagcggataa
caatttcacac -3'

pTREPR

5'- gcggatccccgggcttaattaatgtttaaacactagtgcgaagatctcggaattctcctgtgtgaaatt
gttatccgcta -3'

pUCF

5'- cgccaggggtttcccagtcacgac -3'

VR

5'- tcaggggggcggagcctatg -3'

V1

5'- tcgtatgttgttggaattgtg -3'

V2

5'- tccggctcgtatgttgtggaattg -3'

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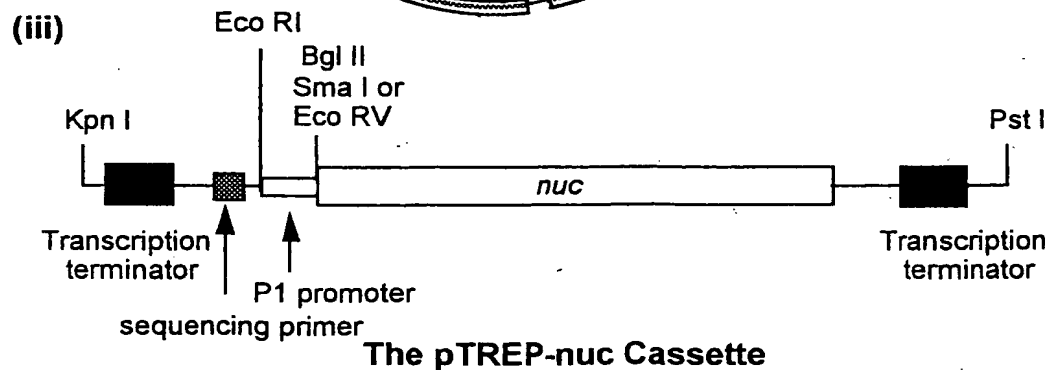
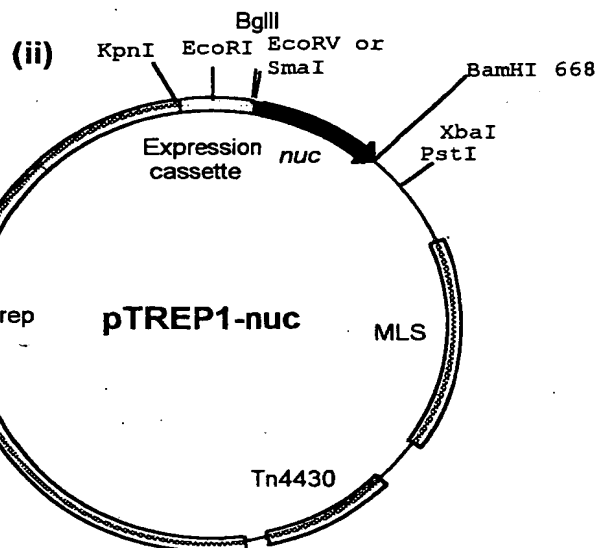
FIGURE 4

pTREP-Nuc vectors allow cloning of genomic DNA into each frame with respect to the nuclease gene

(i)

pTREP1-nuc1 (EcoRV)	AAGTATCAGATCT-- <u>GATATC</u> --TCACAAACAGATAACGGCGTAAAT	Frame =+1
 ▲	
pTREP1-nuc2 (Sma I)	AAGTATCAGATCTT <u>CCCCGGA</u> -TCACAAACAGATAACGGCGTAAAT	Frame =+2
 ▲	
pTREP1-nuc3 (EcoRV)	AAGTATCAGATCT-- <u>GATATC</u> ATCACAAACAGATAACGGCGTAAAT	Frame =+3
 ▲	
Nuclease Gene	TCACAAACAGATAACGGCGTAAAT	

Cloning site is indicated by an arrow



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